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EN

User manual

Self-regulating Alternators

Series ECP 4
Series ECP 28
Series ECP 30
Series ECP 32
Series ECP 34

C-TYPE

Operating and maintenance instructions

Code: Series ECP-C
Revision: 2
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Translation of original language

CE

The world's largest independent producer of alternators 1 - 5,000kVA

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1 General Information: scope of the manual

This manual is intended to provide support and guidance during the stages of work on the alternator. It contains information on the use, maintenance and handling of faults and malfunctions providing indications for the most adequate behavior to the correct use and to the correct operation of the machine as specified by the Manufacturer.
This manual is an essential safety requirement and it must accompany the alternator throughout its life cycle. It is indispensable to store this manual and to make it available to everyone involved in using and servicing the alternator.

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MECC ALTE S.p.A. is not responsible or liable for any damages suffered by people or things as a result of improper use not indicated in this manual and by failure to comply with the specifications of the technical characteristics table pertaining to every model.

1.1 Intended Users

This manual is intended for the authorized personnel adequately trained to operate this kind of product.

Warning

The operators must not carry out operations reserved to maintenance technicians or to specialized technicians. The Manufacturer disclaims all responsibility for damages suffered as a result of failure to comply with this warning.

1.2 Professional Profiles Involved

Below we describe the professional profiles who may operate the alternator based on the kind of activity to be carried out.

Handler

Authorized skilled personnel able to safely lift and handle the alternator. The operator is not authorized to carry out maintenance operations.

Mechanical maintenance technician

A qualified technician able to carry out the installation, adjustment, maintenance and ordinary repair operations required. Not allowed to carry out operations with the power on.

Electrical Maintenance Operator

A qualified technician in charge with all the electrical works of connection, adjustment, maintenance and repair. Authorized to carry out operations with the power on.

Field Service Technician

A qualified technician provided by the manufacturer to carry out complex operations in special cases or, anyway, as previously agreed with the user.

1.3 Manual use and storage

Warning

Read this manual carefully before starting up the alternator or carrying out any operation on it. If you do not read it you might not be able to recognize potential hazardous situations that may lead to death or serious injuries inflicted to yourself or to others.

This manual is intended to provide all the information required for a correct use of the alternator and its most autonomous and safest possible management.
It is mandatory for all the users and the maintenance technicians to carefully read the instructions contained in this manual and in all possible annexes, before carrying out any operation on the product.
In case of doubts on the correct interpretation of the information reported in the documentation, please contact the manufacturer for clarifications.

Caution

Keep this manual and all its annexes in good condition, legible and complete in all its parts. Keep the documentation close to your alternator, in an accessible place known to all the operators and maintenance technicians and, more generally, to everyone who for various reasons should operate the alternator.

Warning

Keep the manual in its original condition. It is forbidden to rewrite, change or remove pages from the manual and their contents. The manufacturer disclaims all responsibility for any potential damages to people, animals or things as a result of failure to comply with the instructions and with the operational modalities described in this manual.

This manual is an integral part of the alternator and it must be stored for future reference.

Caution

This manual must be delivered together with the alternator in case the alternator is transferred/sold to another user.

Caution

In case the manual is lost or damaged ask for a copy from the Manufacturer indicating its identification data: document name, code, revision number and issue date.

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1.4 How to consult the manual

- The manual is divided in chapters, paragraphs and subparagraphs listed in the table of contents: an easy way to find any topic of interest.
- The symbols used provide direct knowledge on the kind of information expressed by each symbol. For instance the symbol:

This symbol indicates a NOTE.

1.4.1 Description of the symbols/pictographs in the manual

Below you will find the various symbols used in the manual to highlight information of particular importance or the intended recipients of the specific pieces of information.

Danger

The risks described in this manner indicate a HIGH LEVEL of hazard that, unless avoided, could cause severe injuries or death.

Warning

The risks described in this manner indicate an INTERMEDIATE LEVEL of hazard that, unless avoided, could cause severe injuries or death.

Caution

The risks described in this manner indicate a LOW LEVEL of hazard that, unless avoided, could cause minor or moderate injuries.

This symbol indicates a NOTE; a fundamentally important piece of information or in-depth explanation.

This symbol indicates a CROSS REFERENCE; the presence of a module, of a drawing or of an annexed document that should be consulted and, if required, filled in.

1.5 Reference Regulations and Directives

List of the reference regulations and directives used for the design and construction of the alternator.

Directives

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EC.
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EC.
- RoHS2 Directive 2011/65/EC.
- RoHS3 Directive 2015/863/EC.

Applicable Harmonized Technical Standards

- EN ISO 12100 (2010) : Safety of machinery – General principles of design – Risk assessment and risk reduction
- EN 60034-1 : Rotating Electrical Machines - Part 1 : Rating and performance.
- EN 60204-1: Safety of machinery. Electrical equipment of machines. Part 1: General Requirements
- EN61000-6-3 : Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Part 6-3: Generic Standards - Emission standard for Residential, Commercial and Light-industrial Environments.
- EN61000-6-2 : Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Part 6-2: Generic Standards - Immunity for industrial environments

Applicable Technical Standards

- EN 60034-2 : Method for determining losses and efficiency
- EN 60034-5 : Classification of degrees of protection (IP).
- EN 60034-6 : Methods of cooling (IC)
- EN 60034-7 : Types of construction (IM code)
- EN 60034-8 : Terminal markings and direction of rotation
- EN 60034-9 : Noise limits
- EN 60034-14 : Mechanical vibration limits
- EN 60085 : Classification of insulating materials
- ISO 1940-1 : Balance quality requirements of rigid rotors

Technical standards to be applied by the installer

- ISO 8528-9 : Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets Part 9: Measurement and evaluation of mechanical vibrations.

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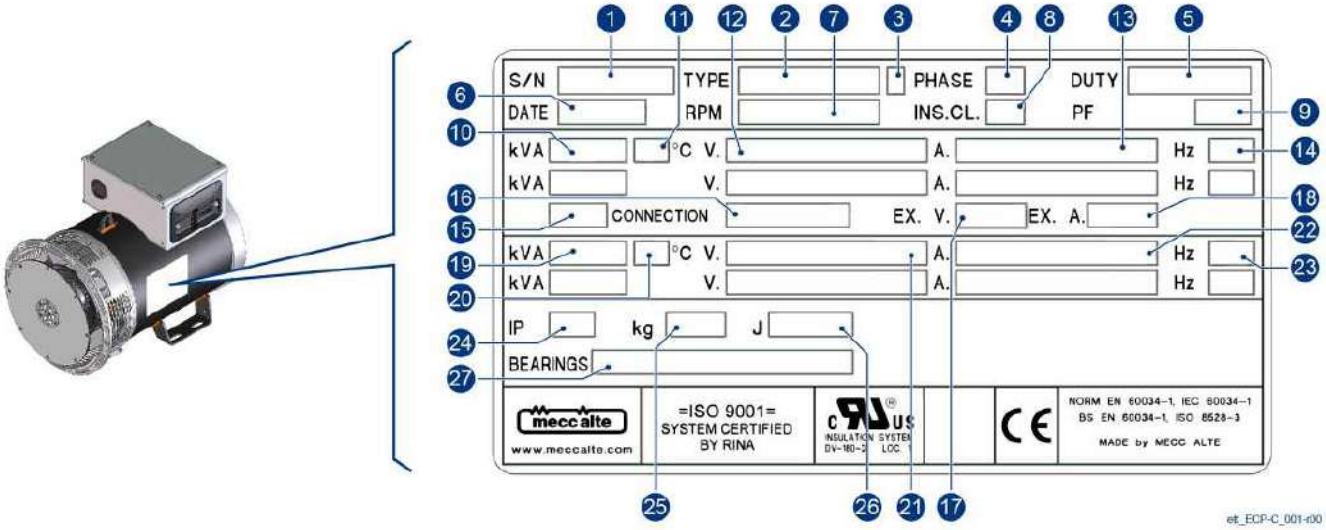
1.6 Marking data

Alternator Nameplate



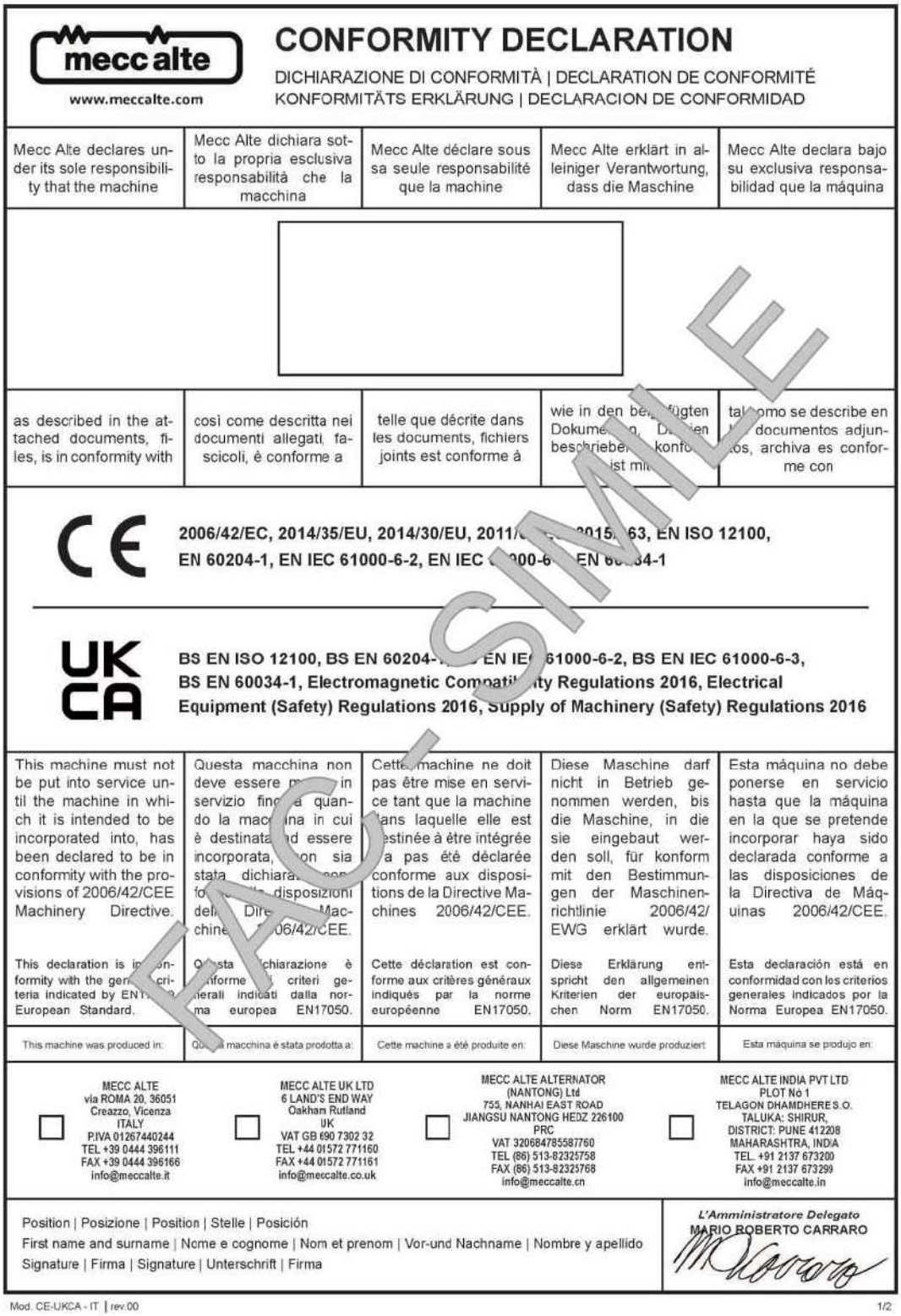
1. Serial number
2. Model
3. Revision index
4. Phase number
5. Service type
6. Manufacture month / year
7. Nominal speed
8. Insulation class
9. Power factor
10. Nominal power related to temperature (11)
11. Maximum ambient temperature
12. Nominal Voltage
13. Nominal Current
14. Nominal Frequency
15. Nominal characteristics class
16. Connection type
17. Excitation Voltage
18. Excitation Current
19. Power related to temperature (20)
20. Ambient temperature
21. Nominal Voltage
22. Current related to power (19)
23. Nominal Frequency
24. Protection Rating
25. Total weight
26. Moment of inertia
27. Bearing type

Ask for a new nameplate if the one attached to the alternator cannot be read anymore.

The nameplate is affixed on the alternator in the position indicated in the figure.

1.7 Declaration of Conformity

Below a copy of the declaration of conformity of the product. The original is placed inside the terminal box of every alternator. A true copy may be requested in case of loss.



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CONFORMITY DECLARATION

DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITÀ | DECLARATION DE CONFORMITÉ
KONFORMITÄTS ERKLÄRUNG | DECLARACION DE CONFORMIDAD

Mecc Alte declares under its sole responsibility that the machine	Mecc Alte dichiara sotto la propria esclusiva responsabilità che la macchina	Mecc Alte déclare sous sa seule responsabilité que la machine	Mecc Alte erklärt in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass die Maschine	Mecc Alte declara bajo su exclusiva responsabilidad que la máquina
as described in the attached documents, files, is in conformity with	così come descritta nei documenti allegati, fascicoli, è conforme a	telle que décrite dans les documents, fichiers joints est conforme à	wie in den beigefügten Dokumenten, Dateien beschrieben, konform ist mit	tal como se describe en los documentos adjuntos, archiva es conforme con

CE

2006/42/EC, 2014/35/EU, 2014/30/EU, 2011/[illegible]2015/[illegible]63, EN ISO 12100, EN 60204-1, EN IEC 61000-6-2, EN IEC [illegible]000-6-[illegible] EN 60[illegible]34-1

UKCA

BS EN ISO 12100, BS EN 60204-[illegible] EN IEC 61000-6-2, BS EN IEC 61000-6-3, BS EN 60034-1, Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016, Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016, Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2016

This machine must not be put into service until the machine in which it is intended to be incorporated into, has been declared to be in conformity with the provisions of 2006/42/CEE Machinery Directive.	Questa macchina non deve essere messa in servizio finché la macchina in cui è destinata ad essere incorporata, non sia stata dichiarata conforme alle disposizioni della Direttiva Macchine 2006/42/CEE.	Cette machine ne doit pas être mise en service tant que la machine dans laquelle elle est destinée à être intégrée n'a pas été déclarée conforme aux dispositions de la Directive Machines 2006/42/CEE.	Diese Maschine darf nicht in Betrieb genommen werden, bis die Maschine, in die sie eingebaut werden soll, für konform mit den Bestimmungen der Maschinenrichtlinie 2006/42/EWG erklärt wurde.	Esta máquina no debe ponerse en servicio hasta que la máquina en la que se pretende incorporar haya sido declarada conforme a las disposiciones de la Directiva de Máquinas 2006/42/CEE.
This declaration is in conformity with the general criteria indicated by EN17050 European Standard.	Questa dichiarazione è conforme ai criteri generali indicati dalla norma europea EN17050.	Cette déclaration est conforme aux critères généraux indiqués par la norme européenne EN17050.	Diese Erklärung entspricht den allgemeinen Kriterien der europäischen Norm EN17050.	Esta declaración está en conformidad con los criterios generales indicados por la Norma Europea EN17050.
This machine was produced in:	Questa macchina è stata prodotta a:	Cette machine a été produite en:	Diese Maschine wurde produziert	Esta máquina se produjo en:

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Position | Posizione | Position | Stelle | Posición
First name and surname | Nome e cognome | Nom et prenom | Vor-und Nachname | Nombre y apellido
Signature | Firma | Signature | Unterschrift | Firma

L'Amministratore Delegato
MARIO ROBERTO CARRARO

Mod. CE-UKCA - IT | rev.00

1/2

FAC-SIMILE

RESIDUAL RISKS LIST

The manufacturer MECC ALTE took all possible precautions to construct the generator following all safety regulations and present applicable Safety Norms.
The instruction manual explains step by step all indications required in point 1.7.4 (user instructions) of the Machines Directive and all users are specifically asked to read it carefully in order to avoid wrong operations which, even though simple, could cause damage to persons. If all instructions given are followed, no residual risks are left; however, one has to pay attention to the warnings given :

1) move carefully the generator (packed and unpacked)
2) the coupling of the generator with the drive-machine and the electrical connections should be performed by skilled personnel
3) do not touch the generator during function and immediately after being stopped since some parts of the generator could be hot
4) in case of generator with permanent magnets, take proper precautions and keep appropriate distance.

LISTA RISCHI RESIDUI

La MECC ALTE ha fatto tutto il possibile per fabbricare il generatore con il massimo della conoscenza sulle sicurezze in Suo possesso e consultando tutte le Direttive e Norme attualmente applicabili.
Il manuale d'uso ed istruzione riporta passo-passo tutte le indicazioni richieste dal punto 1.7.4 (istruzioni d'uso) della Direttiva Macchine ed è fatta specifica richiesta di leggerlo attentamente cosi' da non incorrere in operazioni errate che, se pur minime, possono causare danni alle persone. Se vengono rispettate tutte le indicazioni fornite, non rimangono particolari rischi residui, ma solamente delle attenzioni da sono

1) movimentare il generatore con accortezza (imballato e disimballato)
2) far accoppiare il generatore alla macchina di trascinamento e far collegare elettricamente lo stesso, da personale adeguatamente istruito
3) non toccare il generatore durante il funzionamento e subito dopo l'arresto dello stesso, in quanto vi potrebbero essere parti del generatore a temperature elevate
4) se il generatore presenta magneti permanenti all'interno, prendere le dovute precauzioni e mantenere le giuste distanze.

LISTE DES RISQUES RÉSIDUELS

La société Mecc Alte a pris toutes ses précautions pour fabriquer les alternateurs avec le maximum de sécurité à sa connaissance, et en consultant toutes les directives et normes actuellement applicables.
Le manuel d'utilisation et d'instruction explique point par point toutes les indications requises au point 1.7.4 (instruction d'utilisation) de la Directive des Machines, et tous les utilisateurs sont spécifiquement sollicités à la lire avec attention afin d'éviter toutes fausses opérations qui, même minimes, peuvent être dangereuses pour l'utilisateur. Si toutes les instructions données sont suivies, il n'y a aucun risque résiduel particulier, mais seulement quelques précautions à prendre qui sont :

1) manipuler l'alternateur avec prudence (emballage et désemballage)
2) effectuer l'accouplement entre l'alternateur avec le système d'entraînement et les connections électriques par du personnel qualifié
3) ne pas toucher l'alternateur durant son fonctionnement et aussitôt après son arrêt, car certaines pièces peuvent encore être à température élevée
4) Dans le cas d'un générateur à aimants permanents, prendre les précautions appropriées et garder une distance appropriée.

LISTE DER NACHBLEIBENDEN GEFAHREN

Der Hersteller MECC ALTE hat alle möglichen Vorsichtsmaßnahmen bei der Herstellung des Generators nach geltenden Sicherheitsvorschriften und den z.Zt. anwendbaren Sicherheitsnormen eingehalten.
Die Bedienungsanleitung erklärt schrittweise alle Indikatoren die in Pkt.1.7.4 (Gebrauchsanweisung) der Maschinenbauvorschrift gefragt sind. Alle Anwender werden dringend gebeten, diese aufmerksam zu lesen, um auch den kleinsten Fehler zu vermeiden, der Personenschaden verursachen könnte. Bei genauer Beachtung der Vorschriften verbleibt kein Risiko; jedoch müssen die folgenden Warnungen beachtet werden :

1) den Generator (verpackt und unverpackt) vorsichtig transportieren
2) die Kopplung des Generators an die Antriebsmaschine und die elektrischen Verbindungen nur durch qualifiziertes Personal ausführen lassen
3) den Generator während des Betriebs und kurz nach dem Abstellen nicht berühren, da Teile des Generators heiß sein können
4) Bei Generatoren mit Dauermagneten sind entsprechende Vorsichtsmaßnahmen zu treffen und ein angemessener Abstand einzuhalten.

LISTA DE LOS RIESGOS RESIDUALES

La MECC ALTE ha hecho todo el posible para fabricar el generador con los máximos conocimientos sobre seguridad en su poder, y consultando todas las directivas y normas actualmente aplicables.
El manual de uso e instrucciones explica paso a paso todas las indicaciones requeridas por el punto 1.7.4 (instrucciones de uso) de la Directiva Máquinas, y hace una particular solicitud de leer atentamente el mismo, de manera de evitar operaciones erradas, que si bien mínimas, podrían provocar daños a las personas. Si son respetadas todas las indicaciones dadas, prácticamente no quedan riesgos residuales, a parte los siguientes puntos:

1) manipular el generador con cuidado (embalado y desembalado)
2) acoplar el generador con la máquina que da el movimiento primario, y conectar eléctricamente el mismo, por personal adecuadamente calificado
3) no tocar el generador durante el funcionamiento, así como, inmediatamente después que el mismo se detiene, debido a que podrían existir partes del generador a altas temperaturas
4) en caso de generador con imanes permanentes, tome las debidas precauciones y mantenga la distancia apropiada.

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1.8 Support

For any inquiry on the use, the maintenance or a request of replacement parts, the buyer must contact the Manufacturer directly (or the help desk if present), specifying the alternator identification data indicated on the nameplate.
The Customer may resort to the technical and commercial support provided by the area representatives or by foreign branches, which are in direct contact with MECC ALTE S.p.A. and have their addresses and contact data indicated on the back cover.
In case of fault or an insurmountable inconvenience, the Customer may contact directly the headquarters using the following data:

PHONE NUMBER (Landline):	+ 39 0444 396111
E-MAIL:	aftersales@meccalte.it
WEBSITE:	www.meccalte.com
MAILING ADDRESS:	MECC ALTE S.p.A Via Roma 36051 Creazzo, Vicenza Italy

In case of ownership transfer or company transfers of the alternator you should always inform the manufacturing company or your reference help desk.

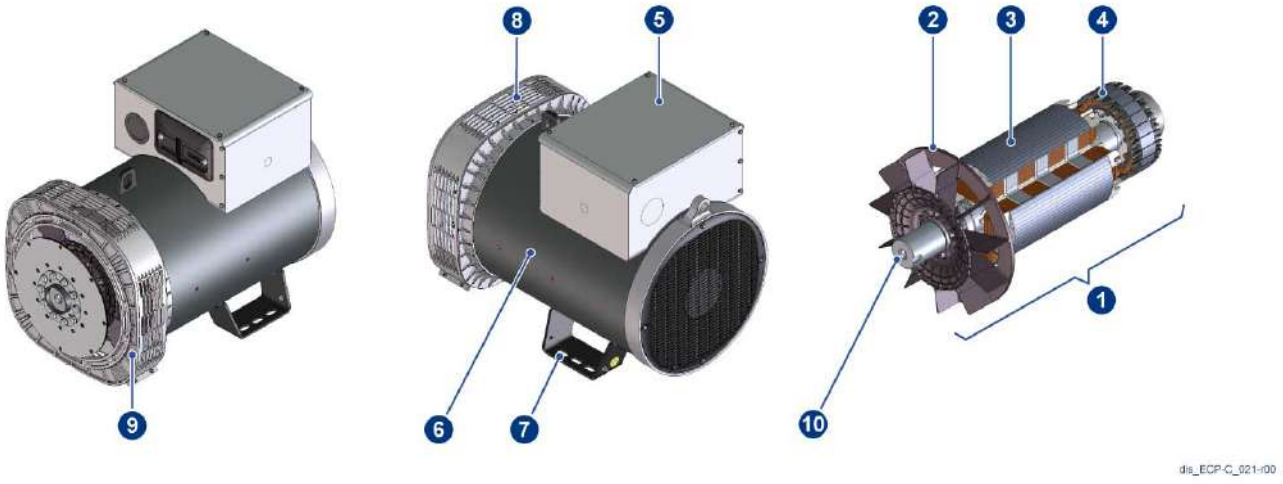
1.9 Glossary

System:	System means, in brief, the drive motor and the alternator.
Installer:	A person / company that is in charge of building the "Fully assembled Machine" and/or installing it at the user's premises.
Fully Assembled Machine:	It is the name of the complete machine mainly made up of a "drive motor" and the alternator.
Drive motor:	It is the motor to which the alternator is connected. The manual also defines it as the "drive machine".
PPE:	Personal Protective Equipment.

2 Alternator Overview

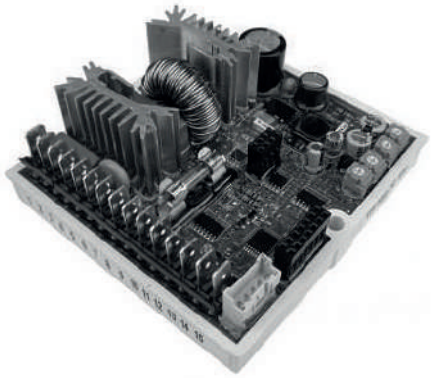
ECP Series alternators are self-regulated, 2 or 4-pole brushless alternators.
They are equipped with a rotating inductor (1) fitted with a damper cage and stationary armature with inclined grooves.
The winding is short pitched so as to reduce the harmonics.
The electromagnetic compatibility tests were carried out in compliance with the standard specifications, with the neutral wire connected to ground.
Testing in accordance with other specifications may be carried out on request of the customer.
The mechanical structure, always very robust, allows easy access to the connections and inspections of the various components.
The case is made of steel, the shields are made of aluminium/cast iron, the shaft is made of C45 steel with a fan splined onto the shaft.
The protection rating is IP23 (higher protection ratings can be achieved on request).
Insulation is of class H standard.
The impregnations are realized with polyester resin for the rotating parts and with vacuum treatment for the parts that have higher voltage such as for instance the stators.
Special treatments may also be carried out on request.

2.1 Main components



1. Rotating Inductor
2. Cooling fan
3. Main rotor
4. Exciter Rotor
5. Terminal Box
6. Stator Frame
7. Mounting Feet
8. Protection Grid
9. Front Cover
10. Shaft

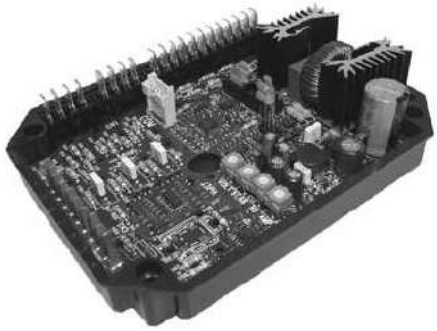
2.1.1 DSR Digital Regulator



dis_ECO_022-r00

Standard supply comes with the DSR on the 4-28-30-32-34 series.
The regulator is normally installed in the alternator terminal box.

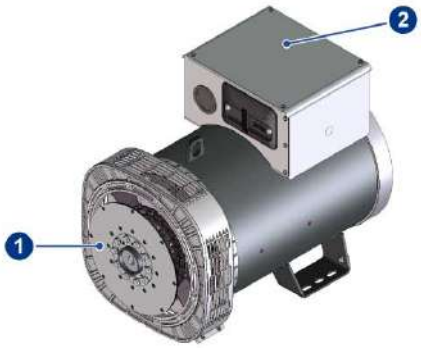
2.1.2 DER1 Digital Regulator



dis_ECO_023-r00

On customer request, it is possible to mount DER1 on 4-28-30-32-34 series
The regulator is normally installed in the terminal box of the alternator.

2.2 General description and working principle



dis_ECP-C_030-r00

The drive motor is connected to the flange and disks (1) of the alternator.
The alternator rotor, started up by the drive motor, generates electricity.
The cables for the electric power supply to the user are connected on the terminal block inside the "terminal box" (2).

The DSR/DER1 digital regulators are equipped with an LED Indicator. During normal operation the LED blinks with a 2-second period and a 50% duty cycle (1 second on, 1 second off), in case of faults it flashes differently.

See diagrams in chapter 10 "Alarm Management".

2.3 Technical Data

2.3.1 IP Protection Rating

The alternator is built with an IP23 protection rating.

2.3.2 Radial Loads

Maximum allowable radial loads applied to shaft projection, for double-bearing alternators.

Series	Radial Force [N]
ECP 4	/
ECP 28	4000
ECP 30	/
ECP 32	5200
ECP 34	9000

2.3.3 Noise level [dB(A)]

Series 4 pole	50 Hz		60 Hz	
	1 m	7 m	1 m	7 m
ECP 4	70	57	74	60
ECP 28	68	57	71	61
ECP 30	72	59	78	62
ECP 32	72	58	76	62
ECP 34	79	65	83	69

2.3.4 Weight

Weights for MD35 construction type alternators.

Series 4 pole	Model	Weight [Kg]
ECP 4	1M4 C	56
	2M4 C	61
	3M4 C	65
	4M4 C	72
	5M4 C	79
	1L4 C	93
	2L4 C	97
ECP 28	1VS4 C	73
	2VS4 C	79,1
	1S4 C	87,4
	2S4 C	91.5
	3S4 C	96.9
	M4 C	106
	L4 C	121.9
	VL4 C	141.8
ECP 30	1M4 C	105
	2M4 C	118
	3M4 C	130
	1L4 C	148
	2L4 C	158
ECP 32	1S4 C	153
	2S4 C	165
	1M4 C	186
	2M4 C	212
	1L4 C	244
	2L4 C	252
ECP 34	1S4 C	302
	2S4 C	349
	1M4 C	370
	2M4 C	388
	1L4 C	423
	2L4 C	440

2.3.5 Air volumes [m³/min] for local alternators

Series 4 pole	50 Hz	60 Hz
ECP 4 C	4.4	5.2
ECP 28 C	6.6	8
ECP 30 C	13.5	16.2
ECP 32 C	15.7	18.5
ECP 34 C	29.2	34.4

2.3.6 Alignment tolerances in B3B14

Tolerance table of drive motor alignment with the alternator.

RPM	Radial tolerance (mm)	Angular tolerance (mm / 100 mm)
1500	0.06	0.05
1800	0.05	0.05

2.3.7 Positioning dimension in MD35

Positioning dimension for flywheel refered to flange face (see drawing at paragraph 5.3.3)

Series	SAE	L (mm)
ECP 4	6 ½	30.2
	7 ½	30.2
	8	62
	10	53.8
	11 ½	39.6
ECP 28	6 ½	30.2
	7 ½	30.2
	8	62
	10	53.8
	11 ½	39.6
ECP 30	6 ½	30.2
	7 ½	30.2
	8	62
	10	53.8
	11 ½	39.6
ECP 32	6 ½	30.2
	7 ½	30.2
	8	62
	10	53.8
	11 ½	39.6
ECP 34	10	53.8
	11 ½	39.6
	14	25.4

2.3.8 Resistance of windings at 20°C ambient temperature

Resistance of windings at 20°C ambient temperature						
Alternators 4 pole						
Type	V/Hz	Alternator			Exciter	
		Stator Ω (± 5%)	Rotor Ω (± 5%)	Auxiliary winding Ω (± 5%)	Stator Ω (± 5%)	Rotor PHASE-PHASE Ω (± 5%)
ECP4 1M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	1.55	6.3	4.02	14.2	2.15
ECP4 2M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	1.069	7.3	4.9	14.2	2.15
ECP4 3M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.765	8.7	3.8	14.2	2.15
ECP4 4M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.547	8.8	4.2	14.2	2.15
ECP4 5M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.435	10.3	3.9	14.2	2.15
ECP4 1L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.316	11.7	3.7	14.2	2.15
ECP4 2L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.27	12.3	3.8	14.2	2.15
ECP28 1VS4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	1.101	0,904	6.056	9.6	0,384
ECP28 2VS4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,737	0.986	5.270	9.6	0,384
ECP28 1S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,542	1,067	4.837	9.6	0,384
ECP28 2S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,396	1,123	4.459	9.6	0,384
ECP28 3S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,347	1,204	1.624	9.6	0,384
ECP28 M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,276	1,314	1.479	9.6	0,384
ECP28 L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,183	1,505	1.444	9.6	0,384
ECP28 VL4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,141	1,75	1.434	9.6	0,384
ECP30 1M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.235	1.295	2.25	9.6	0.384
ECP30 2M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.174	1.512	2.21	9.6	0.384
ECP30 3M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.15	1.684	2.23	9.6	0.384
ECP30 1L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.134	1.867	2.17	9.6	0.384
ECP30 2L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0.111	2.016	2.19	9.6	0.384

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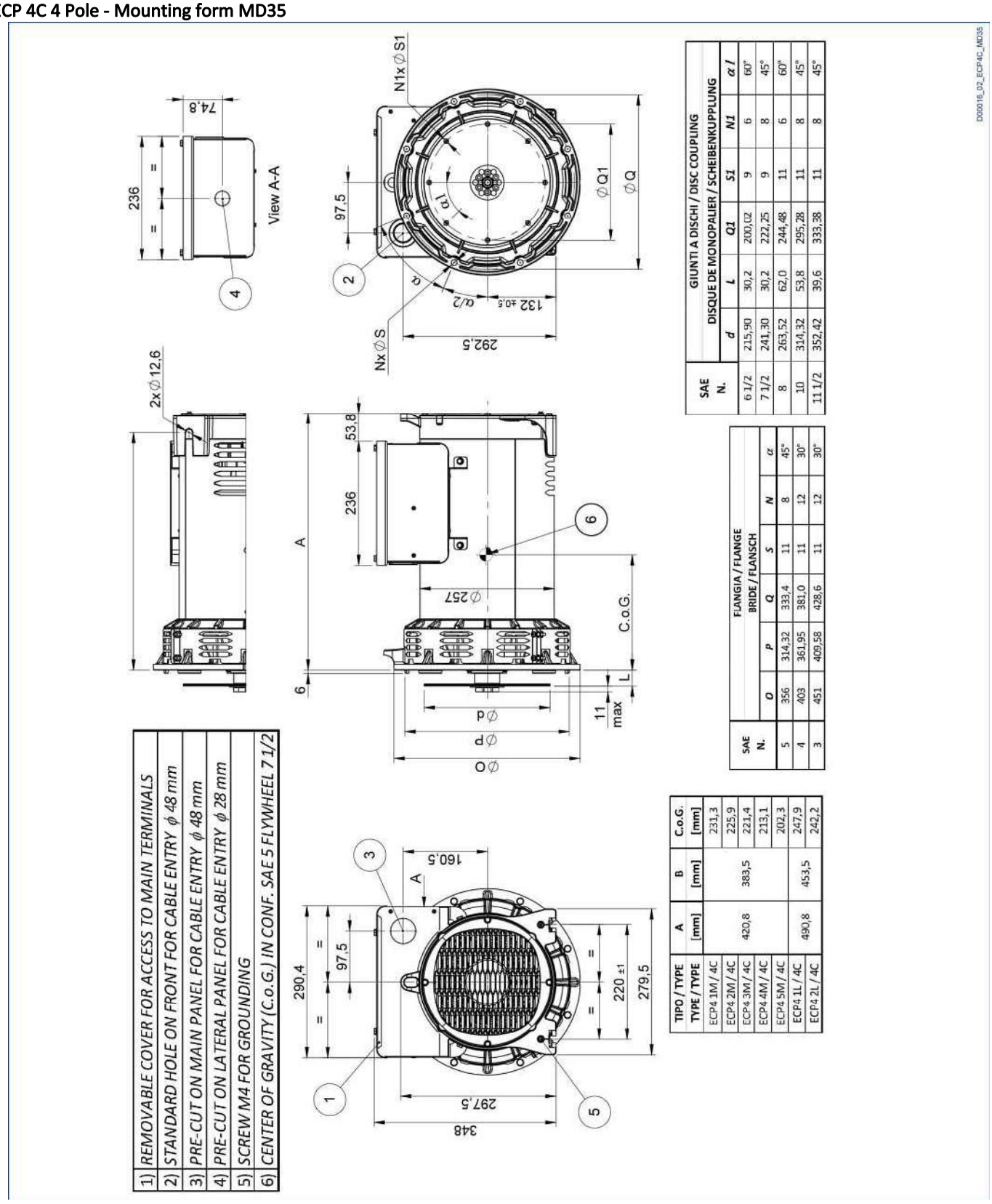
ECP32 1S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,117	1.067	1.07	10,60	0,417
ECP32 2S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,08	1.159	0.96	10,60	0,417
ECP32 1M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,059	1.275	0.96	10,60	0,417
ECP32 2M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,053	1.576	0.95	10,60	0,417
ECP32 1L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,039	1.668	0.87	11,35	0,442
ECP32 2L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,035	1.715	0.87	11,35	0,442
ECP34 1S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,033	2,392	1.43	15,28	0,410
ECP34 2S4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,027	2,844	1.35	15,28	0,410
ECP34 1M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,020	3.008	1.35	15,28	0,410
ECP34 2M4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,020	3.172	1.18	15,28	0,410
ECP34 1L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,014	3.467	1.05	15,28	0,410
ECP34 2L4 C	115/200/230/400 - 50	0,015	3.624	0.855	15,28	0,410

2.3.9 Overall dimensions

ECP 4C 4 Pole - Mounting form MD35

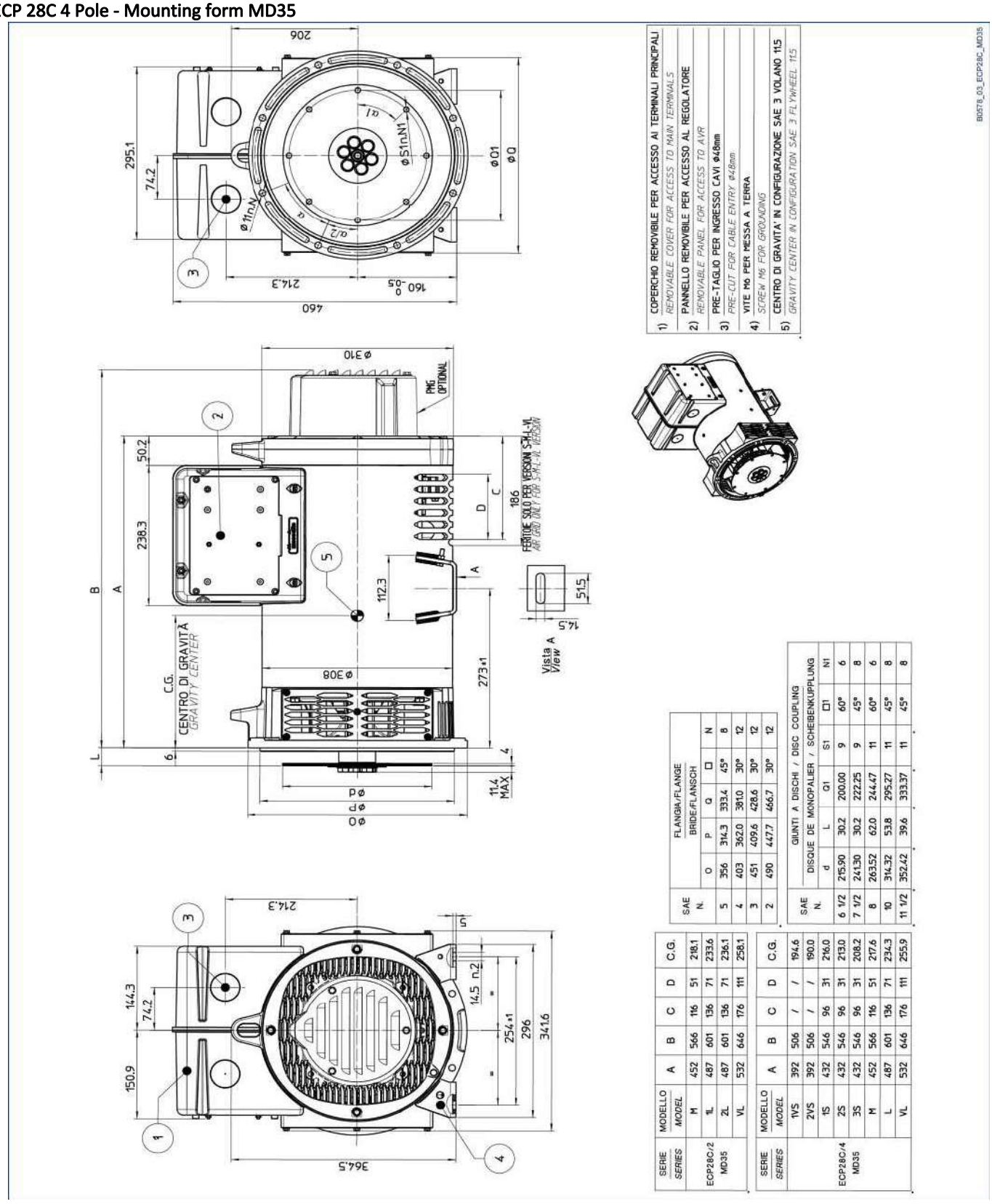


SAE N.	GIUNTI A DISCHI / DISC COUPLING DISQUE DE MONOPALIER / SCHEIBENKUPPLUNG					
	d	L	Q1	S1	N1	α /
6 1/2	215,90	30,2	200,02	9	6	60°
7 1/2	241,30	30,2	222,25	9	8	45°
8	263,52	62,0	244,48	11	6	60°
10	314,32	53,8	295,28	11	8	45°
11 1/2	352,42	39,6	333,38	11	8	45°

SAE N.	FLANGIA / FLANGE BRIDE / FLANSCH					
	O	P	Q	S	N	α
5	356	314,32	333,4	11	8	45°
4	403	361,95	381,0	11	12	30°
3	451	409,58	428,6	11	12	30°

TIPO / TYPE TYPE / TYPE	A [mm]	B [mm]	C.o.G. [mm]
ECP4 1M / 4C	420,8	383,5	231,3
ECP4 2M / 4C			225,9
ECP4 3M / 4C			221,4
ECP4 4M / 4C			213,1
ECP4 5M / 4C			202,3
ECP4 1L / 4C	490,8	453,5	247,9
ECP4 2L / 4C			242,2

ECP 28C 4 Pole - Mounting form MD35



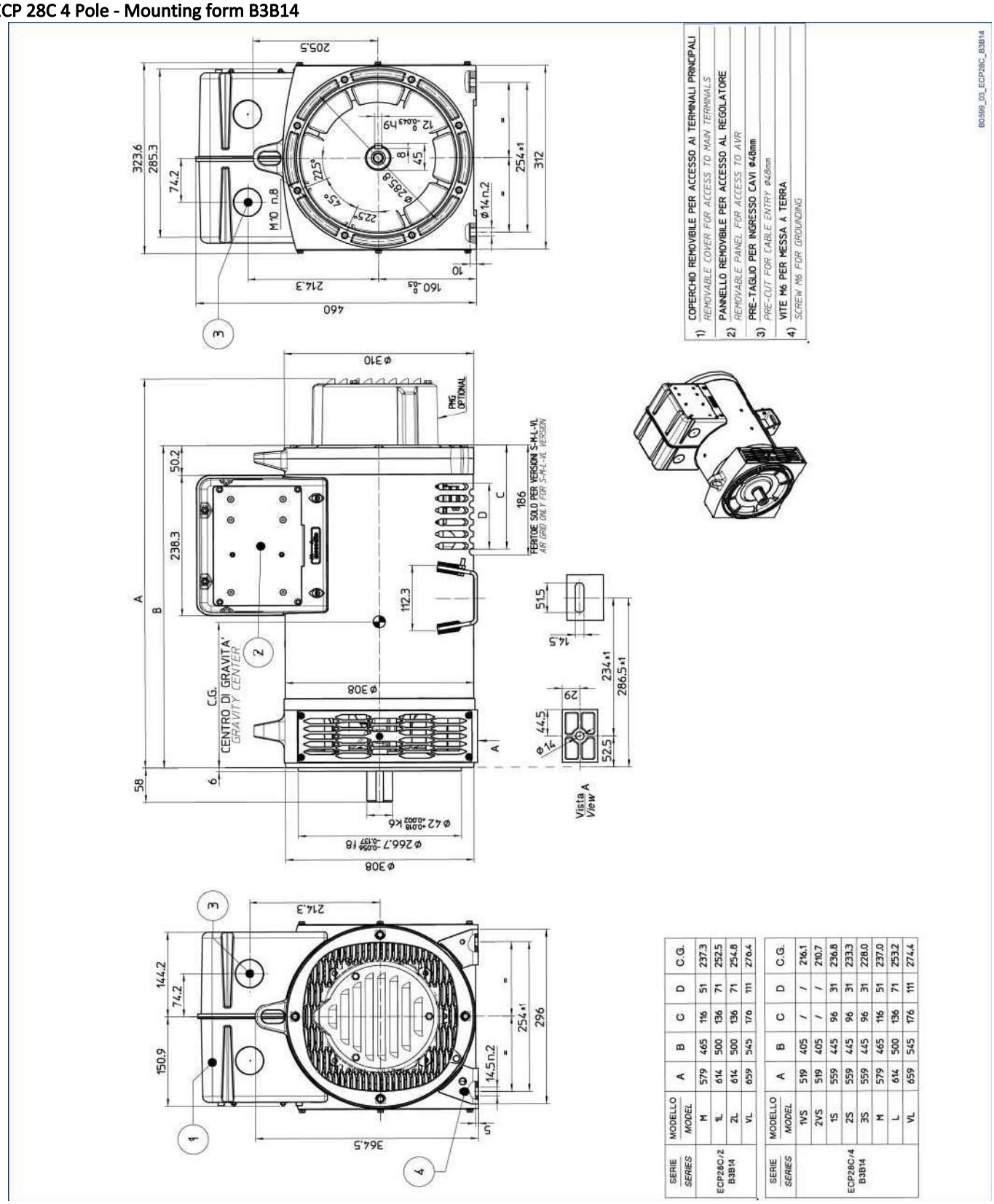
SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	C	D	C.G.
ECP28C/2 MD35	M	452	566	116	51	218.1
	1L	487	601	136	71	233.6
	2L	487	601	136	71	236.1
	VL	532	646	176	111	258.1

SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	C	D	C.G.
ECP28C/4 MD35	1VS	392	506	/	/	194.6
	2VS	392	506	/	/	190.0
	1S	432	546	96	31	216.0
	2S	432	546	96	31	213.0
	3S	432	546	96	31	208.2
	M	452	566	116	51	217.6
	L	487	601	136	71	234.3
	VL	532	646	176	111	255.9

SAE N.	FLANGIA/FLANGE BRIDE/FLANSCH O	P	Q	□	N
5	356	314.3	333.4	45°	8
4	403	362.0	381.0	30°	12
3	451	409.6	428.6	30°	12
2	490	447.7	466.7	30°	12

SAE N.	GIUNTI A DISCHI / DISC COUPLING DISQUE DE MONOPALIER / SCHEIBENKUPPLUNG d	L	Q1	S1	□1	N1
6 1/2	215.90	30.2	200.00	9	60°	6
7 1/2	241.30	30.2	222.25	9	45°	8
8	263.52	62.0	244.47	11	60°	6
10	314.32	53.8	295.27	11	45°	8
11 1/2	352.42	39.6	333.37	11	45°	8

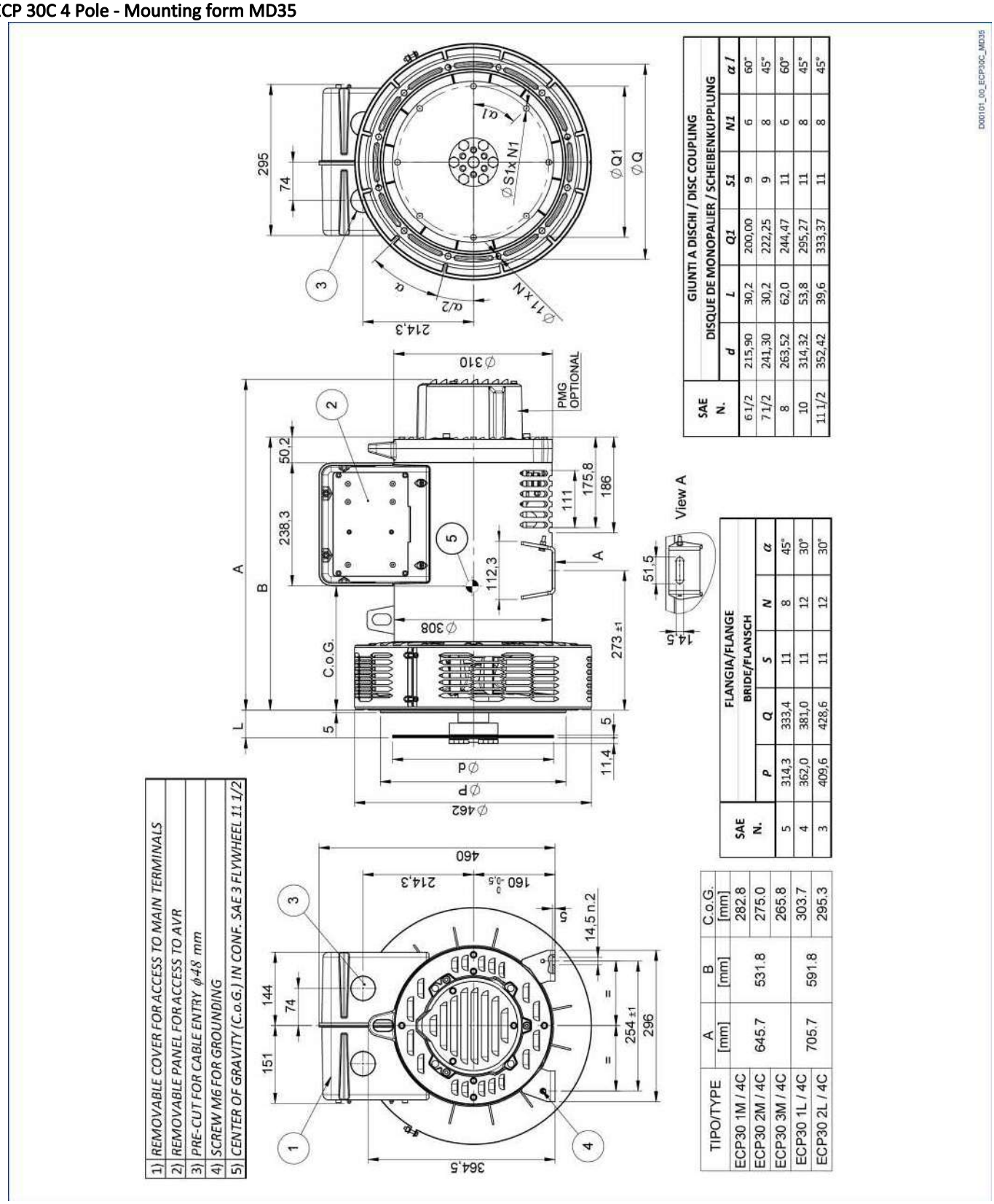
ECP 28C 4 Pole - Mounting form B3B14



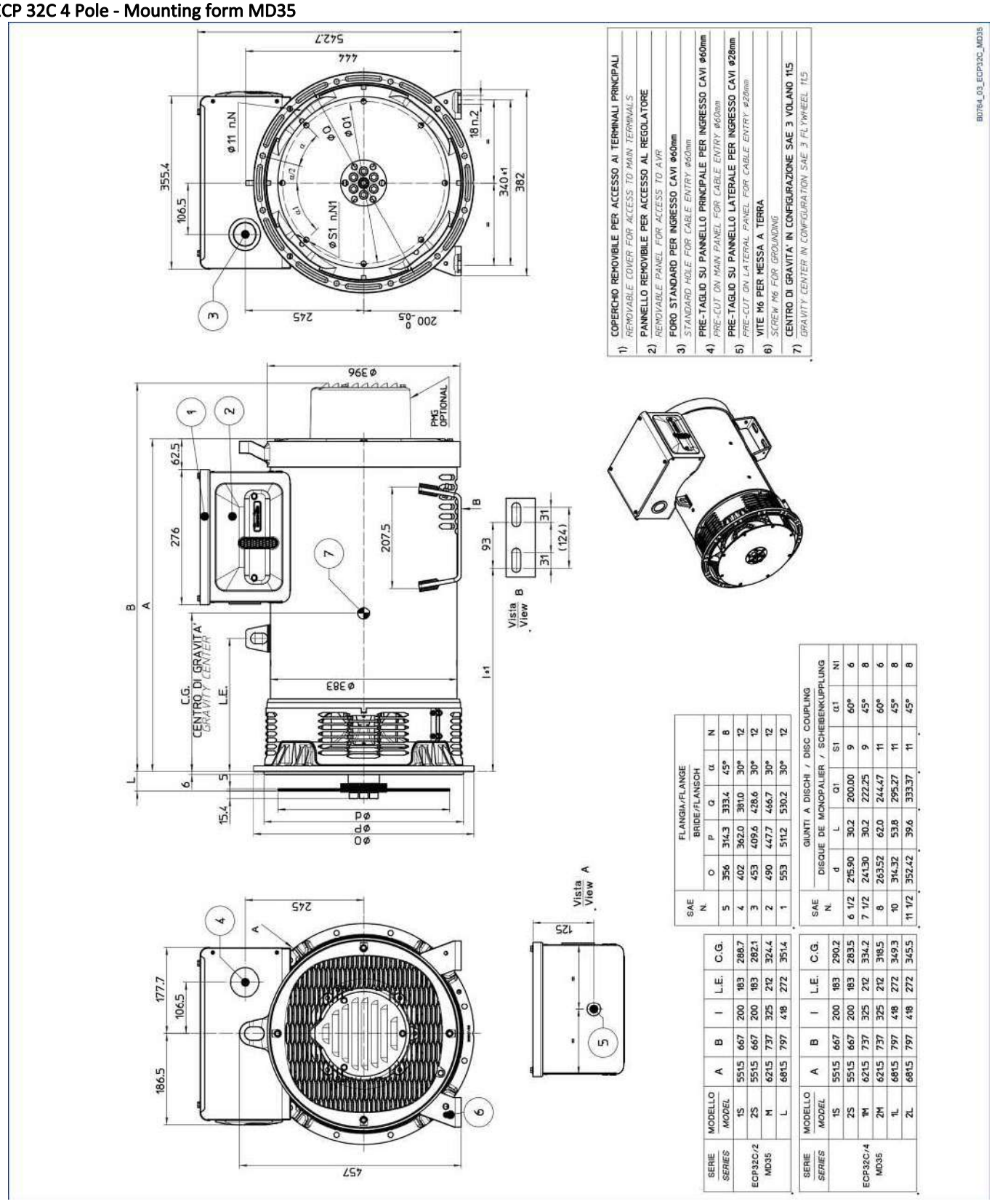
SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	C	D	C.G.
ECP28C/2 B3B14	M	579	465	116	51	237.3
	L	614	500	136	71	252.5
	2L	614	500	136	71	254.8
	VL	659	545	176	111	276.4

SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	C	D	C.G.
ECP28C/4 B3B14	1VS	519	405	/	/	216.1
	2VS	519	405	/	/	210.7
	1S	559	445	96	31	236.8
	2S	559	445	96	31	233.3
	3S	559	445	96	31	228.0
	M	579	465	116	51	237.0
	L	614	500	136	71	253.2
	VL	659	545	176	111	274.4

ECP 30C 4 Pole - Mounting form MD35



ECP 32C 4 Pole - Mounting form MD35



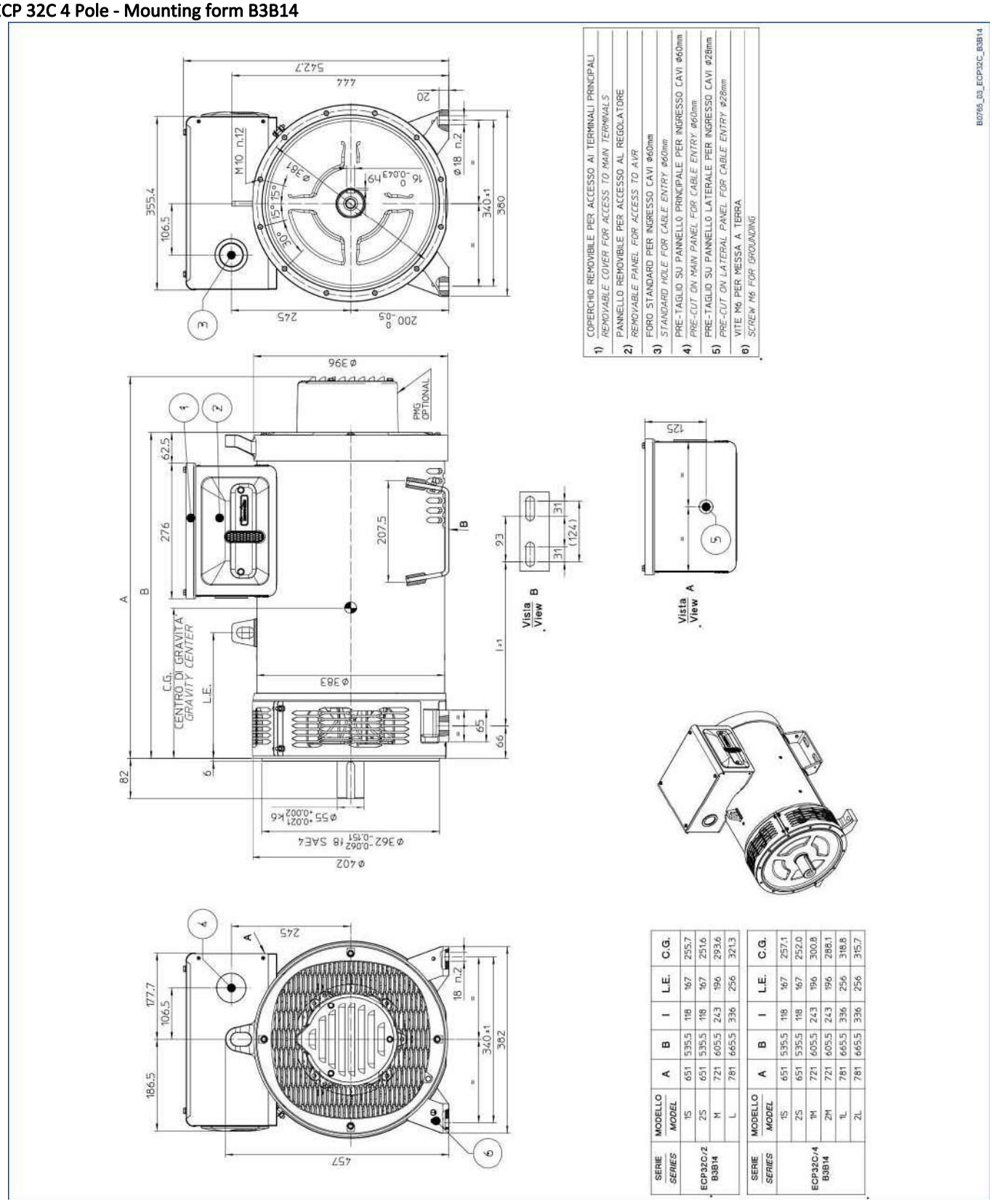
SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	I	L.E.	C.G.
ECP32C/2 MD35	1S	551.5	667	200	183	288.7
	2S	551.5	667	200	183	282.1
	M	621.5	737	325	212	324.4
	L	681.5	797	418	272	351.4

SAE N.	FLANGIA/FLANGE BRIDE/FLANSCH O	P	Q	α	N
5	356	314.3	333.4	45°	8
4	402	362.0	381.0	30°	12
3	453	409.6	428.6	30°	12
2	490	447.7	466.7	30°	12
1	553	511.2	530.2	30°	12

SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	I	L.E.	C.G.
ECP32C/4 MD35	1S	551.5	667	200	183	290.2
	2S	551.5	667	200	183	283.5
	1M	621.5	737	325	212	334.2
	2M	621.5	737	325	212	318.5
	1L	681.5	797	418	272	349.3
	2L	681.5	797	418	272	345.5

SAE N.	GIUNTI A DISCHI / DISC COUPLING DISQUE DE MONOPALIER / SCHEIBENKUPPLUNG d	L	Q1	S1	α1	N1
6 1/2	215.90	30.2	200.00	9	60°	6
7 1/2	241.30	30.2	222.25	9	45°	8
8	263.52	62.0	244.47	11	60°	6
10	314.32	53.8	295.27	11	45°	8
11 1/2	352.42	39.6	333.37	11	45°	8

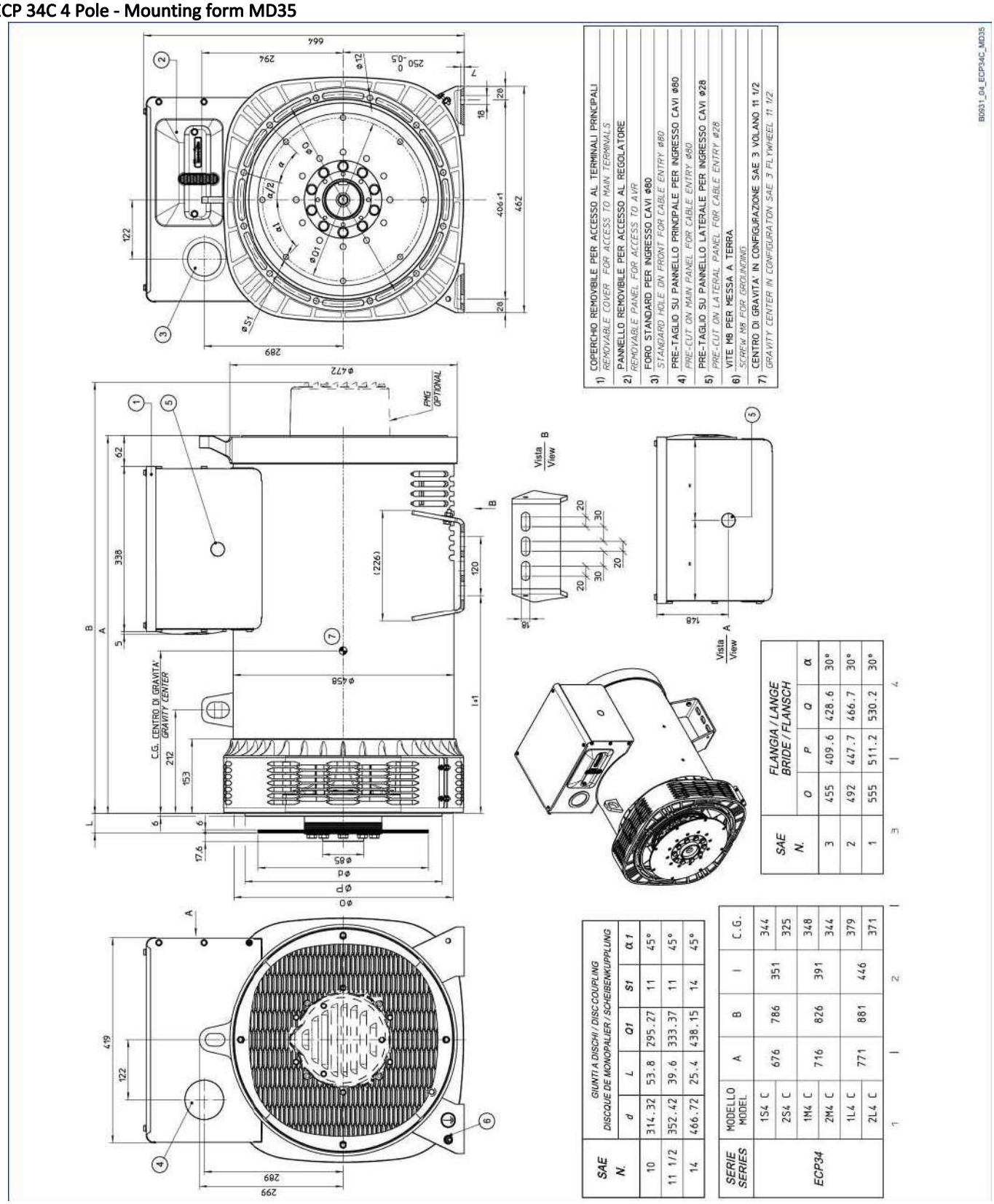
ECP 32C 4 Pole - Mounting form B3B14



SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	I	L.E.	C.G.
ECP32C/2 B3B14	1S	651	535.5	118	167	255.7
	2S	651	535.5	118	167	251.6
	M	721	605.5	243	196	293.6
	L	781	665.5	336	256	321.3

SERIE / SERIES	MODELLO / MODEL	A	B	I	L.E.	C.G.
ECP32C/4 B3B14	1S	651	535.5	118	167	257.1
	2S	651	535.5	118	167	252.0
	1M	721	605.5	243	196	300.8
	2M	721	605.5	243	196	288.1
	1L	781	665.5	336	256	318.8
	2L	781	665.5	336	256	315.7

ECP 34C 4 Pole - Mounting form MD35

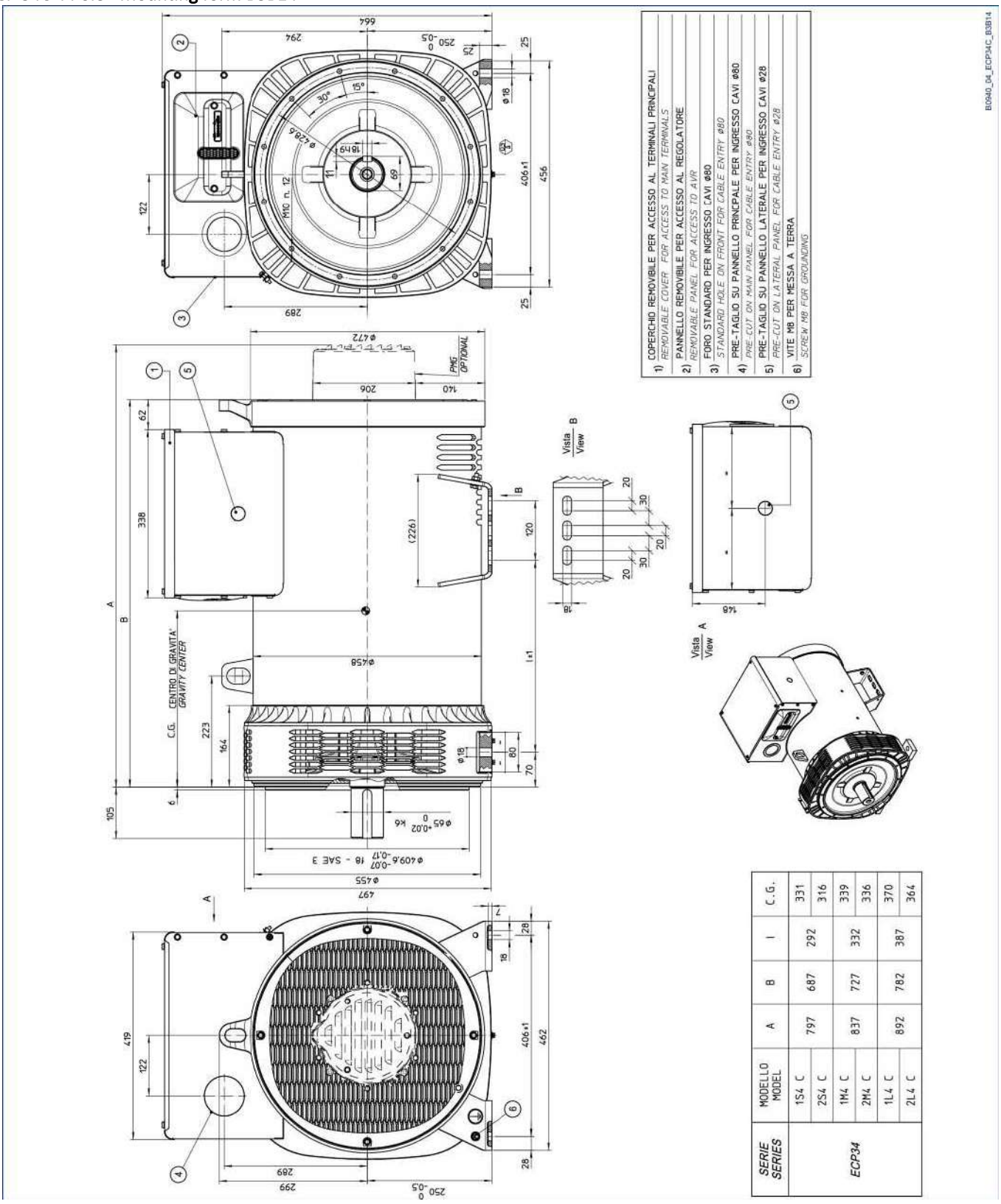


SAE N.	GIUNTI A DISCHI / DISC COUPLING DISQUE DE MONOPALIER / SCHEIBENKUPPLUNG d	L	Q1	S1	α1
10	314.32	53.8	295.27	11	45°
11 1/2	352.42	39.6	333.37	11	45°
14	466.72	25.4	438.15	14	45°

SERIE SERIES	MODELLO MODEL	A	B	I	C.G.
ECP34	1S4 C	676	786	351	344
	2S4 C				325
	1M4 C	716	826	391	348
	2M4 C				344
	1L4 C	771	881	446	379
	2L4 C				371

SAE N.	FLANGIA / LANGE BRIDE / FLANSCH O	P	Q	α
3	455	409.6	428.6	30°
2	492	447.7	466.7	30°
1	555	511.2	530.2	30°

ECP 34C 4 Pole - Mounting form B3B14



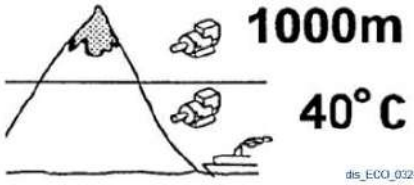
SERIE SERIES	MODELLO MODEL	A	B	I	C.G.
ECP34	1S4 C	797	687	292	331
	2S4 C				316
	1M4 C	837	727	332	339
	2M4 C				336
	1L4 C	892	782	387	370
	2L4 C				364

2.3.10 Materials

The table below contains the approximate percentages of the materials used in Mecc Alte S.p.A's alternators.

Material	Percentage
Steel Parts	45%
Cast Iron Parts	20%
Copper Parts	20%
Aluminum Parts	10%
Plastic Parts	3%
Electronic parts	2%

2.4 Operating ambient requirements



Max ambient temperature to guarantee the nominal power: 40°C

Max operating altitude to guarantee the nominal power: Less than 1000 m.

Install the alternator in a well-aired room. Insufficient ventilation may cause overheating and malfunctioning of the alternator.

For the air volumes required see paragraph 2.3.5.

3 Safety

3.1 General Instructions

The alternator may be used only for the purpose for which it was designed and built.

Caution

The ECP series alternators comply with the Directive 2006/42 as amended, therefore they do not pose threats to the operators, if installed, used and serviced in accordance with the instructions provided by Mecc Alte and on condition that the safety devices are kept in perfect state of efficiency

Danger

Install the alternator only after having read and understood all the sections of this manual.

Danger

Do no operate it while under the influence of intoxicating agents that might delay reaction time such as, for instance, alcohol or drugs.

Danger

The alternator installation, operation and maintenance technicians must be adequately qualified specialists who know the characteristics of the alternators.

Warning

Adequate work clothing is recommended. Avoid wearing chains, bracelets, scarves and cumbersome clothing, long hair must be tied.

Warning

Do not neutralize, remove, alter or otherwise render ineffective any safety, protection or control device of the alternator.

Warning

Maintain the work areas and the routes defined for the installation of the alternator always free from materials and/or elements that may hinder the movement of or cause accidents to the operator.

Caution

The work area must always be adequately lit.

Caution

Keep the floor in the operating area always clean and dry to prevent the forklift truck from sliding sideways when in movement.

Danger

Never operate the alternator with wet hands and objects when it is energized.

Warning

Do not lean on and do not step onto the alternator.

Warning

At the end of each operation that involved removal of the safeguards, put them back and make sure that the correct positioning and efficiency are restored.

Danger

Keep the alternator at a safe distance from flammable materials.

Danger

The alternators, when working, release heat even to a high level based on the power being generated. Before touching it wait for the alternator to cool off.

Danger

Working alternators are noisy (see paragraph 2.3.3). Install the alternator in insulated rooms and wear earmuffs to operate it.

3.2 Alternator Safety devices

The safety devices of the alternator are:

1. Protection screen on the front shield.
2. Cover of terminal box.
3. Rear cover.

Danger

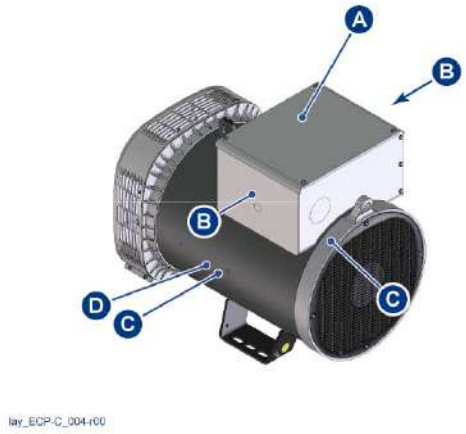
During the operation of the alternator the safeguards must always be closed.

3.3 Safety tags

Caution

Do not remove under any circumstances the tags attached to the alternator.

The following safety tags are attached to the machine



Pos.	Label	Code	Description
A		XXX	Refer to instruction manual before removing covers
B		XXX	Danger!
C		XXX	Danger - Electricity!
D		XXX	Danger - Hot surface!

Caution

The labels must be replaced if they are worn out or cannot be read anymore.

3.4 Personal Protective Equipment

Caution

The staff in charge with the operation of the alternator must wear the personal protective equipment (PPE) indicated in the table below.

PPE	Operation
	Always wear
	Maintenance or lifting the alternator or its components.

Caution

The operator must observe the accident prevention regulations in force in the specific country where the alternator is used.

Caution

The PPE assigned may not be altered.

The manufacturer disclaims all responsibility for any potential damages caused to people by failure to use the PPE.

3.5 Residual risks

The alternator presents the following residual risks:

Danger	
Burning risk. The working alternator may release heat even to a high level.	Before touching the alternator wait for it to cool off.
Caution	
Risk of crushing while lifting.	Do not stand under the suspended load, do not come close to it, use adequate PPE.

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4 Transportation, movement and storage.

The ECP series alternators are delivered by road on pallets, by sea in fumigated wood cases. Other shipment methods available on customer request.
The cases shipped by sea are covered with nylon to avoid salt infiltration that could compromise the correct operation of the alternator.
Any potential replacement parts are however shipped in cardboard packing that is disposed of according to the local regulations.
Packing is always accompanied by a packing list.
Transportation of the packing to the installation place will be provided by the customer.

Upon delivery of the alternator check against the delivery note that there are no missing parts and/or damages; in case there are any, immediately inform the carrier, the insurance company and the reseller or Mecc Alte.

4.1 General Instructions

Warning

The instructions of this chapter must be strictly followed when lifting the alternator.

Warning

Use adequate, tested and certified lifting devices.

Warning

Lifting and transportation must be carried out by members of staff who were trained for this purpose.

Warning

To carry out any lifting, transportation and handling operation wear the PPE indicated by the regulations (see paragraph 3.4).

Warning

When lifting the alternator with the forklift truck keep its forks at the longest possible distance one from the other so as to prevent the alternator from falling or sliding off.

Always make sure that the devices and means for packing materials removal, the alternator and any disassembled part are suitable and undamaged.

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4.2 Packing materials lifting and transportation

Danger

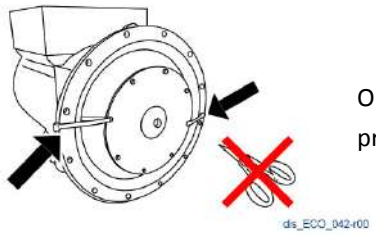
Pay attention during all transportation and movement operations. Do not stand under suspended loads.

Warning

Check the packing or the documentation attached to it for the weight to lift, the predefined anchor points and use suitable equipment for the lifting.

4.3 Unpacking

Unpack the alternator carefully without breaking/damaging the packing materials. Both the cases (equipped with metal hinges so that they may be folded) and the pallet must be returned to Mecc Alte.



Once the single-bearing alternator is unpacked do not cut the tie strips of the rotor to prevent it from sliding.

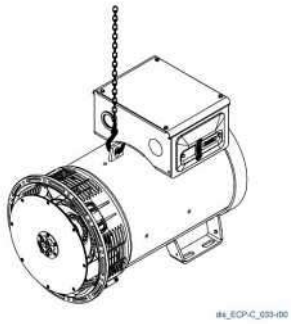
4.4 How to dispose of the packing materials

Please recycle the packing materials in accordance with the applicable regulations in the country where the alternator is installed.

4.5 Alternator Movement

Unpacked alternators must always be handled hooking the eyebolts to a lifting device.

For the weight of the alternator see paragraph 2.3.4



Caution

Lift the alternator to a height not exceeding 30 cm.

Do not add any other load. The eyebolts are only designed for the lifting of the alternator. Do not use the alternator eyebolts to lift the fully assembled machine.

Danger

Once it is coupled to the drive motor, to lift the alternator you must follow the instructions provided by the manufacturer of the fully assembled machine.

4.6 Storage

In case of storage, the alternators, be them packed or not, must be stored in a cool, dry place away from vibrations and never exposed to the elements.

The bearings require special maintenance but it is advisable to turn the shaft around once or twice a month to prevent contact corrosion and grease hardening; before startup, where regular lubrication is required, you must also lubricate it.

After being stored for a long time or if there are obvious signs of humidity/condensation, check the insulation state.

Warning

The insulation test must be carried out by a qualified technician.

Warning

Before carrying out the test you must disconnect the voltage regulator.

If the result of the test is too low (less than 5 MΩ) (EN60204-1) you will have to dry the alternator by blowing 50-60 C° pressurized air into the air intakes and exhausts of the alternator.

5 Installation instructions / drive motor coupling

Warning

The final installer is in charge with assembling all the safeguards (disconnect switches, safeguards against direct and indirect contact, safeguards against overcurrent and overvoltage, emergency stop and so on) required to make the machine and the user system comply with the European and International Safety Regulations.

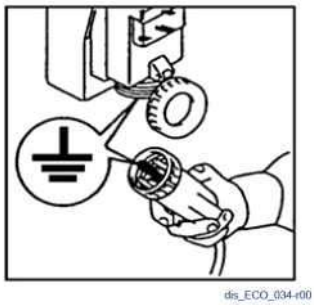
The installation and first startup operations of the fully assembled machine must be carried out by qualified personnel.

Danger

Working alternators are noisy (see paragraph 2.3.3). Install the alternator in insulated rooms and wear earmuffs to operate it.

5.1 Installation Setup

The alternator must be grounded before installation.Please ensure that the grounding system is effective and it complies with the directives of the country where the alternator will be installed.



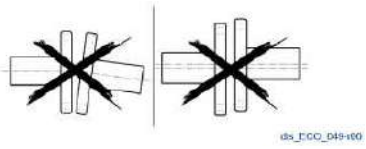
The alternator is designed and built to be installed in well-ventilated environments.

See paragraph 2.4.

Danger

Install the alternator in a ventilated room. Insufficient ventilation may cause overheating and malfunctioning of the alternator.

Please ensure that the base of the alternator and of the drive motor is calculated so as to support the weight of all potential stresses caused by the operation.



The installer is in charge with correctly coupling the alternator to the drive motor and all the other measures required to guarantee the correct operation of the alternator and to avoid anomalous stresses that might damage the alternator (such as vibrations, misalignments, various kinds of mechanical stresses).

5.2 Unpacking and disposal of packing materials

Danger

Pay attention during all transportation and movement operations.

Danger

Do not stand under suspended loads.

Carefully remove the packing.

Please recycle the packing materials.

5.3 Mechanical coupling

The coupling of the alternator to the drive motor must be carried out by the end user. It is carried out at his sole discretion, but it must:

- Be realized in accordance with the safety regulations in force.
- Ensure the ideal operating conditions for the alternator (air temperature below 40 °C and air vents not blocked).
- Ensure easy access for its verification and maintenance.
- Be assembled on a strong base able to hold the total weight of the alternator and the drive motor.
- Observe the assembly tolerances.

Control the correct fastening of the discs to the alternator rotor.

See paragraph 9.7

Imprecise alignment may cause vibrations and damages to the bearings.

Moreover, it is advisable to check the compatibility of the torsional characteristics of the motor / alternator (to be carried out by the customer).

Please see the related technical documentation.

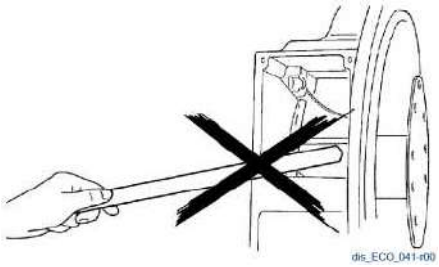
In case of double-bearing alternators, ensure that the radial loads applied to the shaft protrusion do not exceed the admissible values.

See paragraph 2.3.2.

These values are calculated so as to prevent excessive shaft flexure. The load that may be supported by the bearings is statically and dynamically higher than the one supported by the shaft, however, the presence of excessive vibrations or adverse environmental conditions may reduce the bearing's life or lead to a lower maximum allowable load in proportion to the bearing's life.

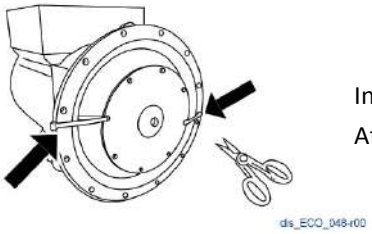
During the assembly and disassembly stages of the net, make sure you hold it in position with your hands so as to prevent the elastic net from hitting the operator or anyone else nearby.

In case of single-bearing alternators, during the drive motor coupling stage make sure the rotor does not slip out by keeping the alternator in a horizontal position. Remove the rotor fastening system, if present.



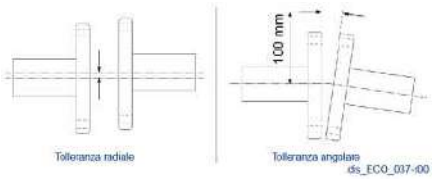
During the mechanical coupling procedures do not use the fan as a lever to turn the rotor.

5.3.1 Alternator Preparation



In the case of single-bearing alternators, remove the safety clamps from the rotor. After this operation, pay attention that the rotor does not slip out during handling.

5.3.2 Aligning the drive motor to the B3B14 alternator

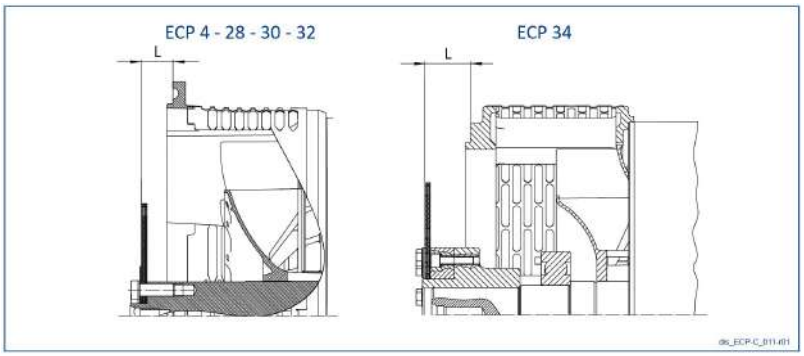


To ensure regular operation of the B3B14 construction type alternator you must align it to the drive motor in observance of the radial and angular tolerances between the two shafts of the drive motor - alternator.

Misalignment may cause damages to the shaft or to the bearing. For alignment tolerances see 2.3.6.

5.3.3 Aligning the drive motor to the MD35 alternator

The (MD35) single-bearing alternator needs a solid flat base in order for the alignment to be realized correctly.



Always check rigorously the accuracy of the L dimension.

Errors on the L dimension may lead to high axial loads on the bearings and potential damages to the drive motor as well.

For alignment tolerances see paragraph 2.3.7.

The presence of flexures on the alternator coupling flange may cause high vibrations and in the worst cases even mechanical breaks.

5.3.4 Thermal Expansion Compensation

The compensation of thermal expansion is particularly important for the single-bearing generators inasmuch as they are connected directly to the motor and a perfect alignment is essential so as to guarantee the intended useful life of the bearings. In case of double-bearing generators the importance of this aspect depends on the type of motor-generator coupling.
Operating temperatures have a significant impact on the alignment tolerances and must be taken into consideration. Because of them, actually, during the operation, the alternator shaft may be in a different position than its position when powered off.
A compensation of the alignment may therefore be required and it depends on the operating temperatures, on the coupling type, on the distance between the two machines and so on.
The two more important types of thermal expansion to take into consideration are:

- Vertical thermal expansion
- Axial thermal expansion

Vertical thermal expansion

This thermal expansion may cause variations of the radial tolerance value and it may be calculated using the following formula:

$$\Delta H = \alpha \times \Delta T \times H$$

ΔH	Variation of height.
α	= Coefficient of thermal expansion (value α = 10 x 10-6 K-1 may be used).
ΔT	= Difference between the alignment temperature and the operating temperature.
H	= Axle height.

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Axial thermal expansion

The axial thermal expansion value may diminish the axial tolerance between the two shafts.

It is a very important value inasmuch as, when the whole system reaches a uniform temperature, a very narrow non-operating tolerance may lead to an axial force that may burden the bearings damaging them or causing them to break.

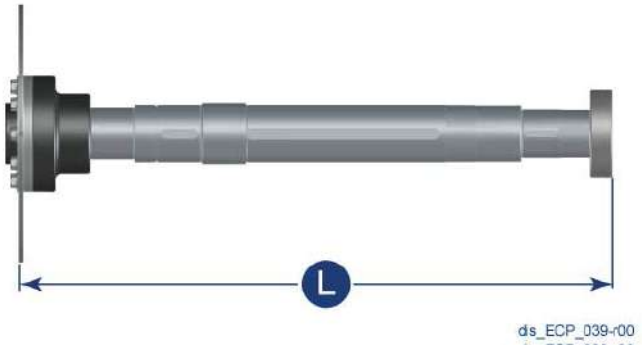
The following formula may be used to calculate it:

$$\Delta L = \alpha \times \Delta T \times L$$

ΔL = Variation of the shaft length.

α = Coefficient of thermal expansion (value α = 10 x 10-6 K-1 may be used).

ΔT = Difference between the alignment temperature and the operating temperature.



L = Shaft length, calculated between the bearing and the drive motor coupling discs.

The variation of the axial tolerance is calculated by relating the axial thermal expansion of the alternator to that of the motor.

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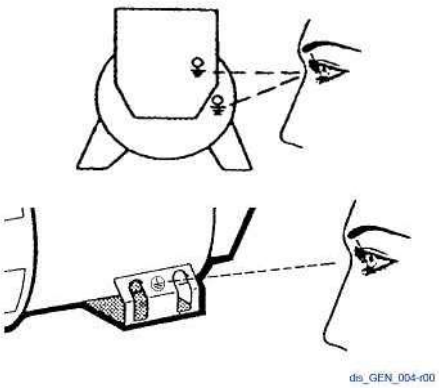
6 Electrical connection

The operation must be carried out by an electrical maintenance technician.

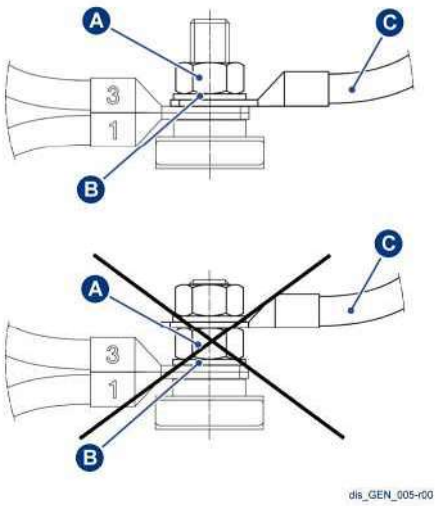
The electrical connection shall be provided by the end user and it is carried out at his sole discretion

For the entry into the terminal box it is advisable to use cable glands and cable reliefs in compliance with the specifications of the user country.

See "12 terminal connections" table in this chapter.



The alternators must always be grounded with a grounding conductor of an appropriate size. Use one of the two dedicated terminals (internal/external).



For the electrical connection use adequate cables, sized on the basis of the alternator power. Make the connections to the terminals as shown in the figure.

A) Hexagon nut

B) Plain washer

C) User cable

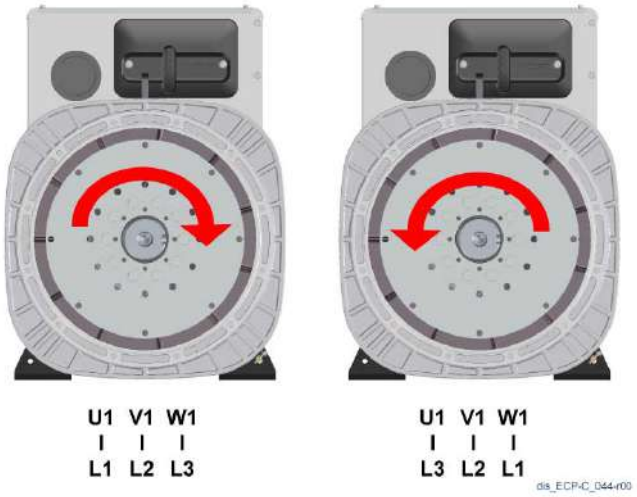
See paragraph 6.1.

Once the connection was made check the terminal tightening torques that must comply with the instructions given in chapter 9.8

When the connection is finished reassemble the cover of the terminal box.

The user power cables must be wired and supported adequately so as not to cause mechanical stress on the terminal block of the alternator.

Phase rotation and sequence



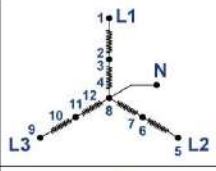
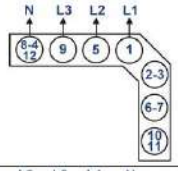
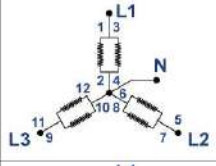
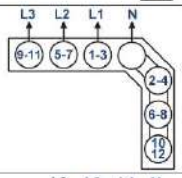
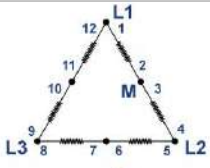
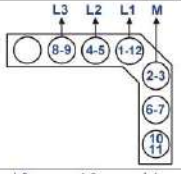
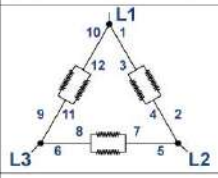
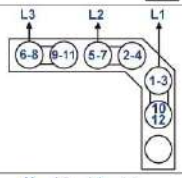
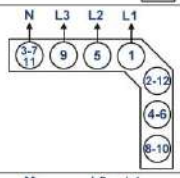
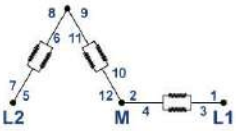
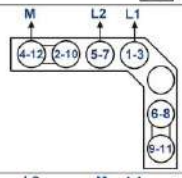
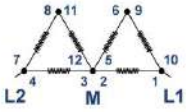
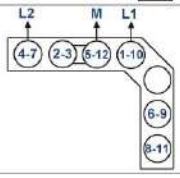
All the fans of the ECP alternators are designed to rotate bidirectionally.

Clockwise rotation, seen from the coupling side: the order of the outgoing phases is L1, L2 , L3.

Anticlockwise rotation, seen from the coupling side: the order of the outgoing phases is L3, L2 , L1 (the order is reversed).

Winding connection modalities

The alternators are manufactured with 12 standard outgoing cables in order to allow different voltage output, for instance, at 50 Hz, 115 V (ΔΔ) / 200 V (YY) / 230 V (Δ) / 400 V (Y). To pass from a connection to another follow the diagrams shown in the "12 wires connection" table on the next page.

12 wires connection								
Connection			**Winding T0405S3 (***)**					
Series star			50Hz	L - L	380	400	415	440
			50Hz	L - N	220	230	240	254
			60Hz	L - L	460	480	500	530
			60Hz	L - N	265	277	290	305
Parallel star			50Hz	L - L	190	200	208	220
			50Hz	L - N	110	115	120	127
			60Hz	L - L	230	240	250	265
			60Hz	L - N	133	138	145	152
Series delta (*)			50Hz	L - L	220	230	240	254
			50Hz	L - M	110	115	120	127
			60Hz	L - L	265	277	290	305
			60Hz	L - M	133	138	145	152
Parallel delta (*)			50Hz	L - L	110	115	120	127
			60Hz	L - L	133	138	145	152
Three phase Zig-Zag (**)			50Hz	L - L	330	346	360	380
			50Hz	L - N	190	200	208	220
			60Hz	L - L	400	415	430	460
			60Hz	L - N	230	240	250	265
Single phase parallel zig-zag (*)			50Hz	L - L	220	230	240	254
			50Hz	L - M	110	115	120	127
			60Hz	L - L	265	277	290	305
			60Hz	L - M	133	138	145	152
Single phase double delta (*)			50Hz	L - L	220	230	240	254
			50Hz	L - M	110	115	120	127
			60Hz	L - L	265	277	290	305
			60Hz	L - M	133	138	145	152

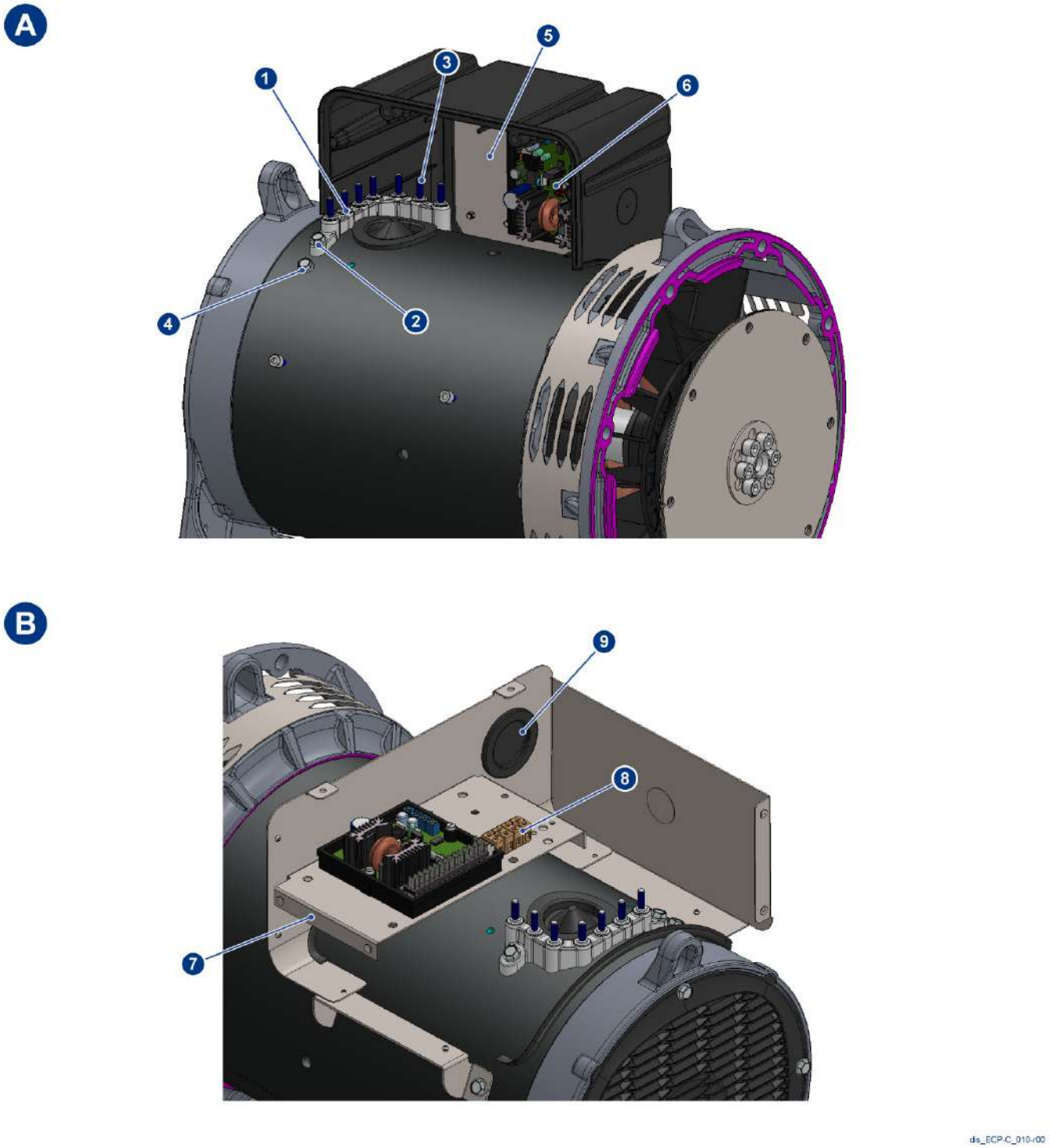
tab_ECP-C_012-r00

* In case of single-phase loads it is important to remember not to exceed the phase current.
** In the interconnected star connection, the power must be reduced to 0.866 times its nominal value.
*** The highlighted cells represent the nominal values. The other voltage values can be obtained by adjusting the VOLT potentiometer. Voltage variations in relation with the nominal value may though lead to a derating of the machine. For the powers please consult the technical documentation available on www.meccalte.com.

The machine supplied to operate at 50Hz may also work at 60Hz (or vice versa). To obtain the variation you simply adjust the potentiometer to the new nominal voltage value. When passing from 50Hz to 60Hz power may increase by 20% (unvaried current) if the voltage increases by 20%. For alternators specifically built for a 60Hz frequency when passing to 50Hz the voltage and the power must be reduced by 20% in relation to the values referring to 60Hz.

6.1 Terminal board configurations

6.1.1 ECP 4 regulation box



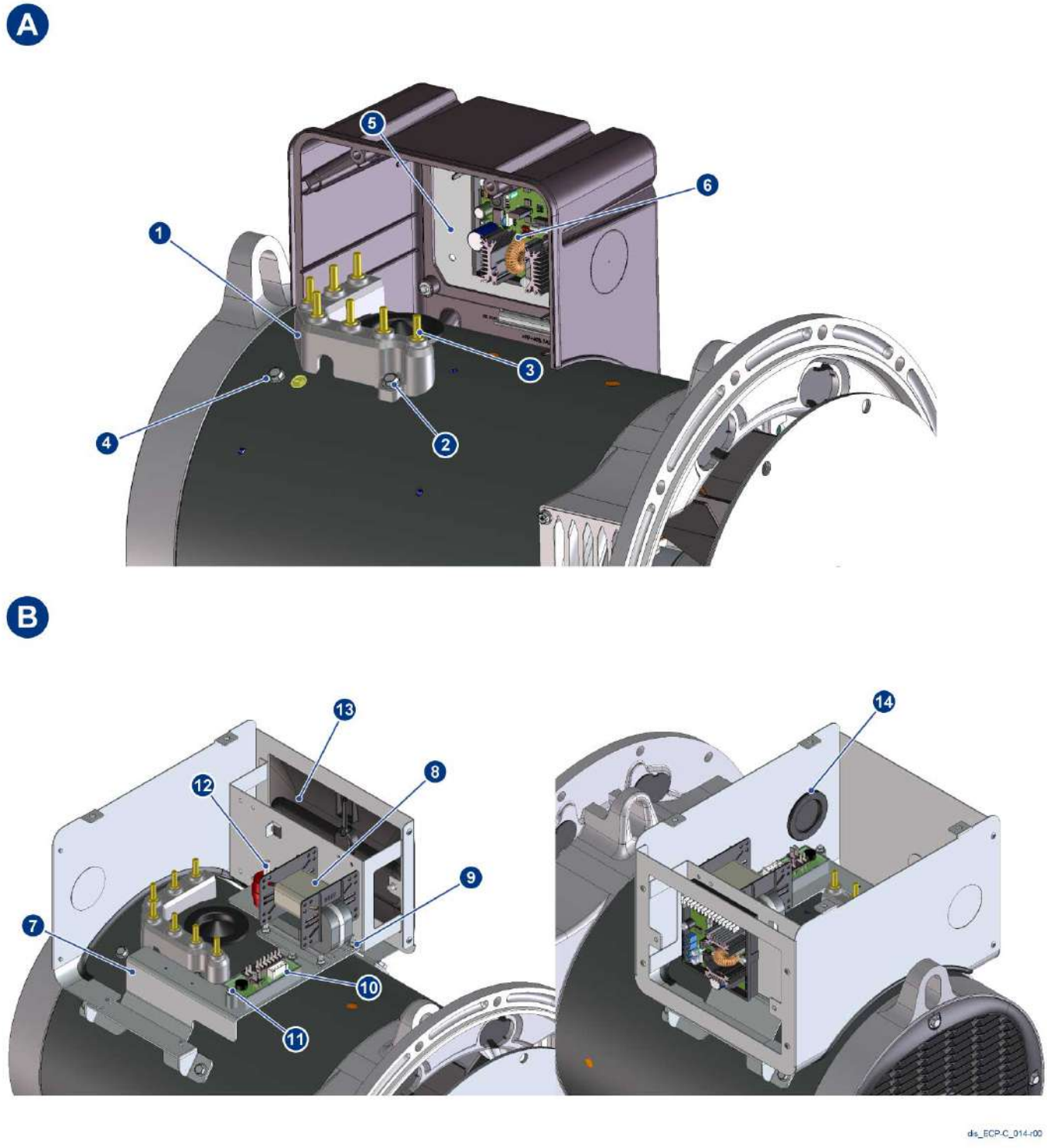
A: Standard B: Optionals

Pos.	Components	Pos.	Components

1	M5 7-pin terminal board
2	TE Self-forming screw M6x16 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
3	Tightening torque 5Nm
4	Self-forming TE screw M6x16
	Tightening torque 9Nm
5	Regulator holding panel
	TE M6x16 screw(n.4)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
	TE M6 UNI 5587 nut (n.4)

6	Regulator
	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
	TE M4 UNI 5587 nut (n.2)
7	Regulator holding panel
8	MK-3/12 KRG terminal
9	DG36 plug

6.1.2 ECP 28 / ECP 30 regulation box



A: Standard B: Optionals

Pos.	Components
1	M6 7-pin terminal board
2	TE Self-forming screw M6x16 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
3	Tightening torque Nm
4	Self-forming TE screw M6x25
	Tightening torque 9Nm
5	Regulator holding panel
	TE M6x16 screw(n.4)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
	TE M6 UNI 5587 nut (n.4)
6	Regulator
	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
	TE M4 UNI 5587 nut (n.2)
7	Regulator holding panel
8	Parallel Device PD500
10	PD-I Interface

Pos.	Components
9	TC M4x10 screw (n.4)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Flat washer Ø4 (n.4)
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
10	PD-I Interface
11	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
12	DB30P M6 isolator
	TE M6x10 screw (n.1)
	Tightening torque 7Nm
	Flat washer Ø6 (n.1)
	Toothed washer Ø6 (n.1)
13	Regulator plug with screwdriver
	TE Self-forming screw M6x16 (n.2)
14	DG36 plug

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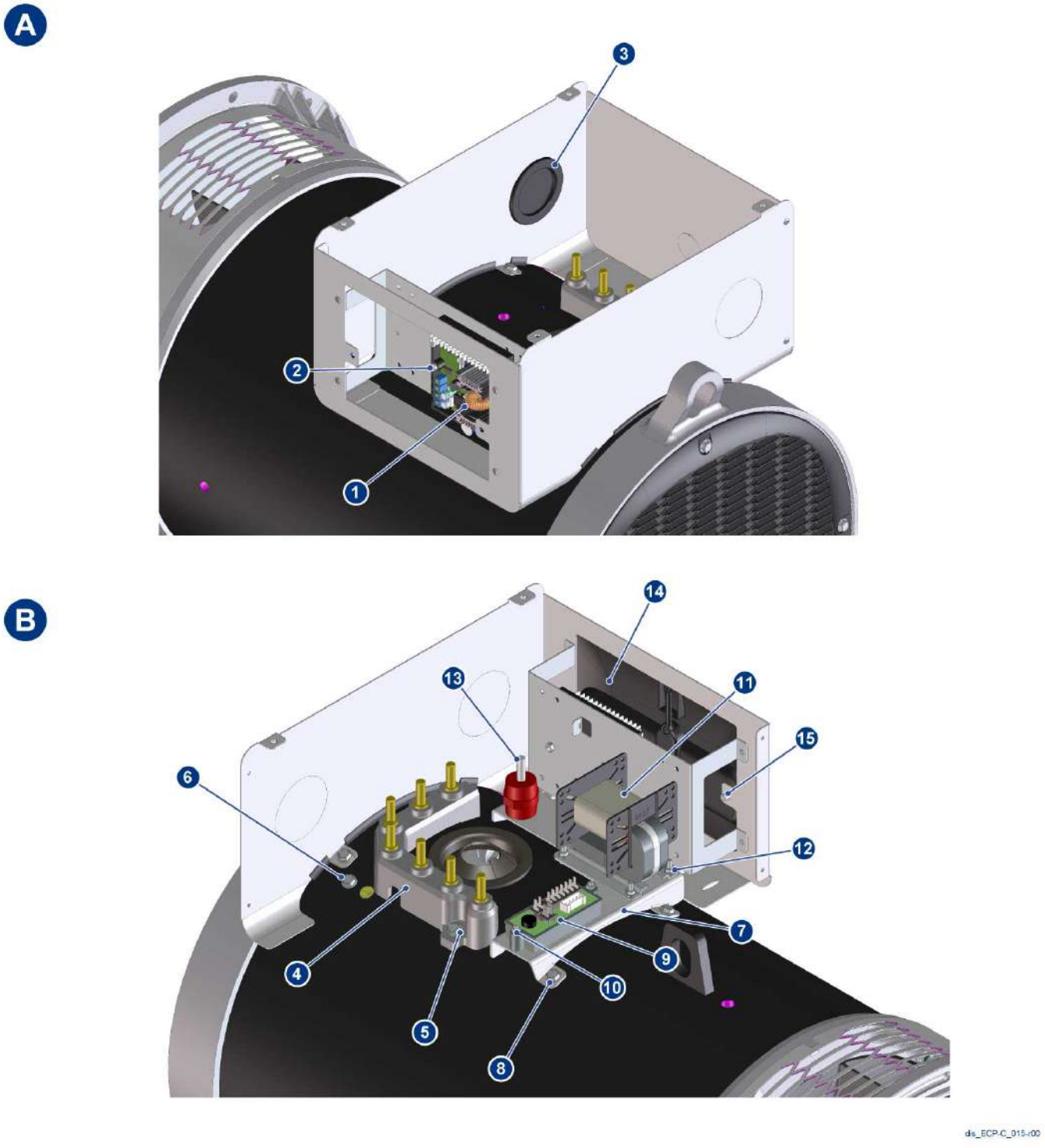
6.1.3 ECP 32 regulation box

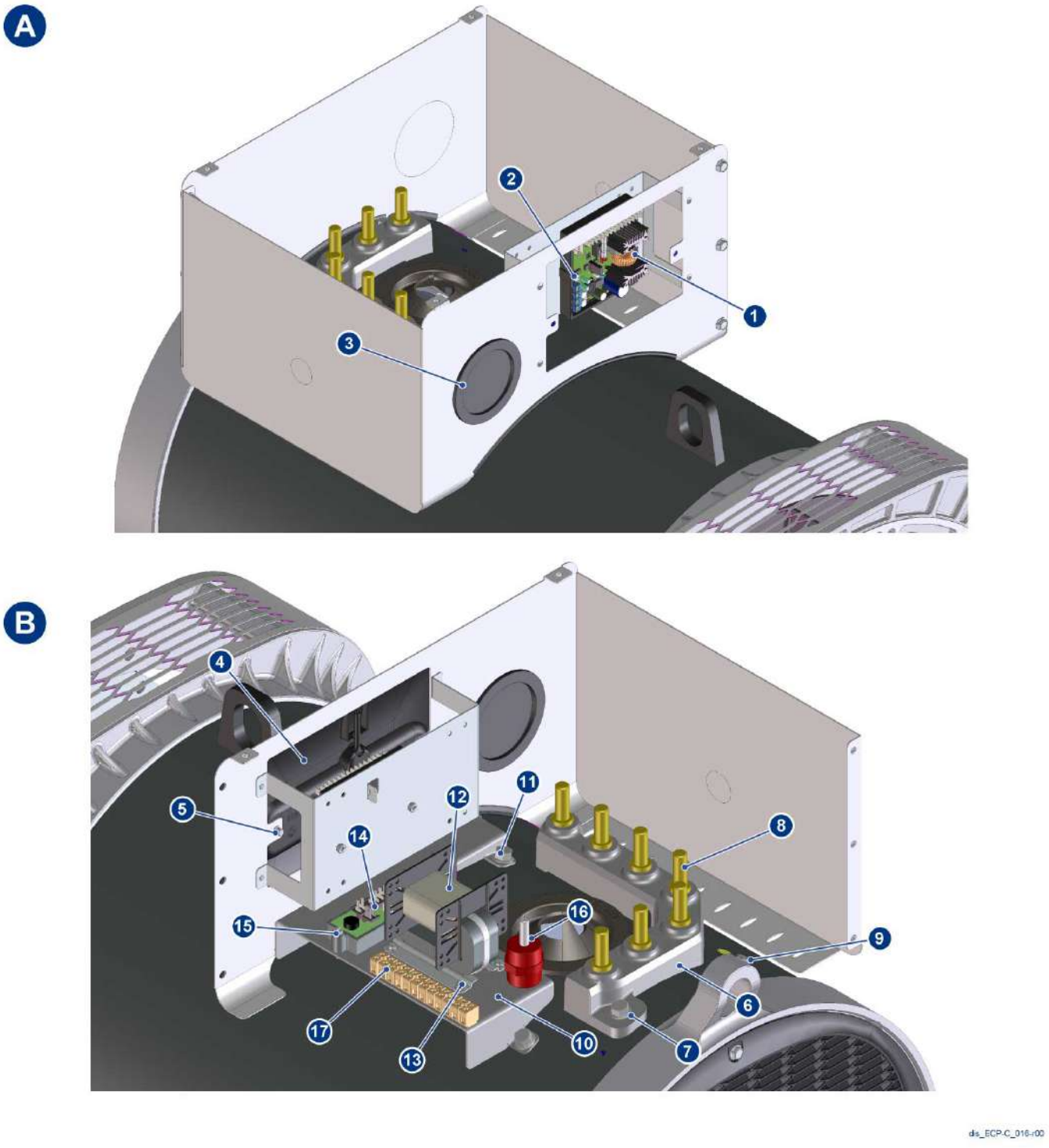


A: Standard B: Optionals

Pos.	Components
1	Regulator
2	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
	TE M4 UNI 5587 nut (n.2)
3	DG48 plug
4	M6 7-pin terminal board
5	Self-forming TE M6x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 6Nm
6	TE Self-forming screw M6x16
	Tightening torque 9Nm
7	Regulator holding panel
8	TE Self-forming screw M6x16 (n.4)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
9	PD-I Interface
10	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)

Pos.	Components
11	PD500 parallel device
12	TC M4x10 screw (n.4)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Flat washer Ø4 (n.4)
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
13	DB30P M6 isolator
	TE M6x10 screw (n.1)
	Tightening torque 7Nm
	Flat washer Ø6 (n.1)
	Toothed washer Ø6 (n.1)
14	Regulator plug with screwdriver
15	TE Self-forming screw M6x16 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 6Nm

6.1.4 ECP 34 regulation box



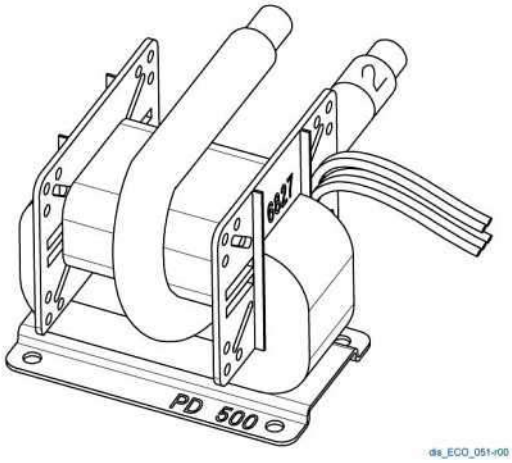
A: Standard B: Optionals

Pos.	Components
1	Regulator
2	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
	TE M4 UNI 5587 nut (n.2)
3	DG69 plug
4	Regulator plug with screwdriver
5	TE Self-forming screw M6x10 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 9Nm
6	M12 7-pin terminal board
7	TE Self-forming screw M8x20 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 21Nm
8	Tightening torque 42Nm
9	TE Self-forming screw M6x16
	Tightening torque 9Nm
10	Components holding panel
11	TE Self-forming screw M8x20 (n.2)
	Tightening torque 21Nm

Pos.	Components
12	PD500 parallel device
13	TC M4x10 screw (n.4)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Flat washer Ø4 (n.4)
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
14	PD-I Interface
15	TC M4x20 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 1.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø4 (n.4)
16	DB3OP M6 isolator
	TE M6x10 screw (n.1)
	Tightening torque 7Nm
	Flat washer Ø6 (n.1)
	Toothed washer Ø6 (n.1)
17	MK-3/12 KRG terminal
	TC M3x16 screw (n.2)
	Tightening torque 0.5Nm
	Toothed washer Ø3 (n.8)

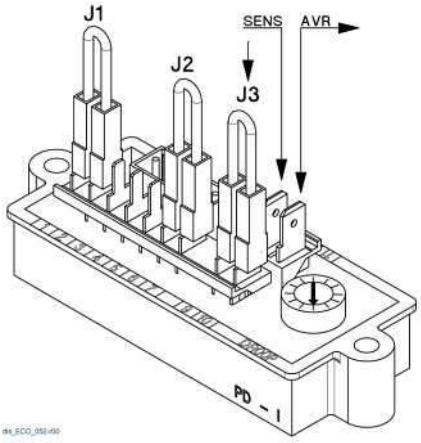
6.2 Parallel connection of alternators

In case you want the alternators to operate in parallel you need to use a device to ensure equal droop of output voltages.
The parallel transformer is manufactured with a preset voltage drop of 4% at full load when the power factor is 0.



The device is supplied on request or it can be assembled by the customer. After having assembled the device you need to check the voltage drop; for further information please refer to the technical guide for parallel operation.

6.2.1 Installation of a parallel device



- Refer to mounting instructions "Retrofitting PD500 Procedure"
- Connect the power coil windings in series with the phase following the instuctions

For the number of coil turns needed on the transformer please see the drawing table A9865 inside the procedure

- Once received and installed the parallel device, it is important to check, based on the nominal data of the alternator and the adopted reference type, the jumpers J1 and J2 are wired to the correct fastons, according to drawing table A9865, inside the procedure. Also verify that the droop trimmer on the PD-I is positioned at the center.
- Connect the sensing of the alternator to the PD-I module and connect the PD-I module to the sensing terminal of the regulator, following step by step the instructions on the procedure

See chapter 12.

To enable the paralleling device remove the jumper J3 between terminal 9 and 10 of the PD-I (see figures beside and wiring diagrams).

Warning

For alternators running in parallel to the grid the user must integrate the generation system with adequate protections.

Warning

For these applications it is fundamental to provide protection against the ample excitation variations or an excitation loss relay to avoid serious damages to the alternator.

After having made all the electrical connections and only after having closed the terminal box you may carry out the initial startup test on the system.

Check the no load voltage of the alternator and if necessary act on the electronic regulator VOLT trimmer to move back to the nominal value.

7 Startup Instructions

This paragraph only reports the instructions for the initial startup of the alternator. You may find further instructions in the manual of the fully assembled machine.

Warning

The startup, operation and stop maneuvers must be carried out by adequately qualified personnel who has read and understood the safety and technical specifications indicated in this manual.

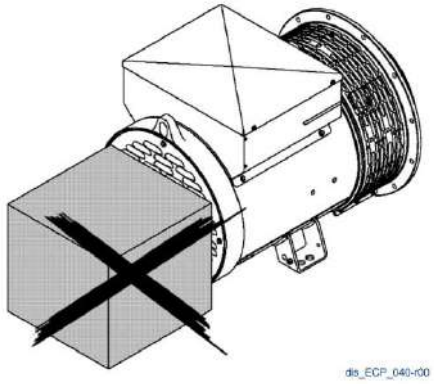
The tools for system startup, operation and stop shall be provided by the installer.

Check the alignment on the fully assembled machine. See paragraph 5.3.2.

- Check the fastening of the machine to the base with the related tightening torques and the robustness of the base.

Check the tightening torques of the terminal connections and their positioning. See paragraph 9.8.

Before the startup of the fully assembled machine you must make sure that:



- The cooling air intake and exhaust vents are always unobstructed. It is recommended to keep a minimum distance of 20 cm free. For the cooling air volumes required see paragraph 2.3.5.
- The intake side is away from heat sources. However, if not specifically agreed, the temperature of the cooling air must be equal to the room temperature and anyway lower than 40 °C. The alternator may operate at higher temperatures with an appropriate derating.

During the initial startup that must be carried out at lower speed, the installer will have to make sure there are no anomalous noises. In case of anomalous noises stop the system immediately and make adjustments to improve the mechanical coupling.

The rotors of the Mecc Alte alternators and the alternators themselves comply with the regulations (see paragraph 1.5). This means that the vibrations generated by the Mecc Alte alternators are very limited and compliant with the regulations. Potential excessive vibrations are ascribable to the drive motor or to an erroneous motor-alternator coupling and they may cause damages or even breaks to the bearings.

The installer is responsible for following the regulations when assessing and measuring the vibrations on the fully assembled machine (see paragraph 1.5).

After the initial startup

After the initial startup of the fully assembled machine it is necessary to carry out the following verifications:

- Make sure everything works correctly.
- Monitor the vibration level and potential high temperatures of the windings and of the bearings.

In case the alternator, during operation, goes into protection mode for anomalous voltage, troubleshot the fault before initiating another startup.

See "Problems, causes and solutions" chapter 11.

8 Electronic regulators

8.1 DSR Digital Regulator

The operation must be carried out by an electrical maintenance technician.

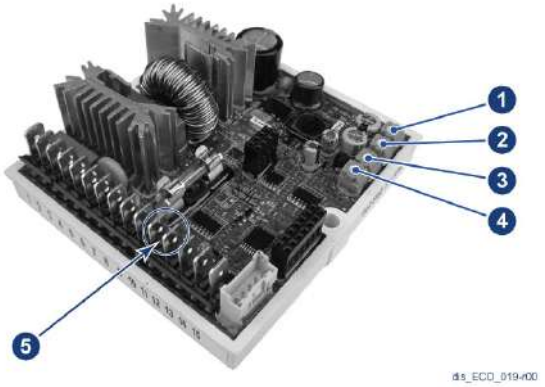
For further details on the regulators please refer to the specific manual.

Danger

Check with the alternator on.

Carefully perform the test, use adequate PPE such as for instance insulating gloves.

Voltage testing is performed off-load with the alternator running at nominal frequency. To obtain voltage regulation use the VOLT potentiometer of the electronic regulator.



1. Regulation of overload protection (AMP).
2. Regulation of low frequency protection (Hz).
3. Regulation of stability (STAB).
4. Regulation of voltage (VOLT).
5. Terminals 10 and 11 for remote regulation of voltage.

Self-regulation is achieved through the DSR digital regulator that guarantees, under static conditions, a ± 1% voltage accuracy with any power factor and with a speed variation ranging from –5% to + 20%.

Remote Regulation

To achieve remote regulation insert a 10KΩ potentiometer in the dedicated terminals 10-11.

8.1.1 Stability Adjustment

The alternators are part of a system that can be outlined as a motor + alternator. The alternator may therefore exhibit instabilities of the rotation regime and of the voltage due to the irregular operation of the motor it is connected to.
There is a potentiometer dedicated to the adjustment of this stability (STAB potentiometer), because the alternator voltage and motor speed regulation systems may go into conflict, causing both speed and voltage oscillations.
It is important to stress that Mecc Alte's alternators are tested using an electric motor, not a heat engine. Therefore, STAB adjustment is set correctly for the alternator driven by an electric motor.
General instructions to follow in case of instability problems:

1. Check the STAB potentiometer setting and make sure it corresponds to the settings reported in the tables below.
2. If there is no correspondence, reset the potentiometer to the value indicated in the table below; in case of missing information position in the middle.
3. If the problem persists, rotate the potentiometer anticlockwise a notch and repeat the test.
4. If no differences are noticed or the differences are minimal, rotate another notch anticlockwise; continue this procedure until the problem is solved.
5. If by rotating the potentiometer anticlockwise, the voltage instability increases, set the potentiometer as indicated at point 2. Rotate the potentiometer clockwise a notch and repeat the test
6. If there are no changes or they are minimal, rotate another notch clockwise and repeat the test.
7. Continue this procedure until the problem is solved.
8. If after these steps the problem is still not solved, you may need to adjust the stability (gain) of the motor speed regulation system. If this does not solve the problem either, try to change the stability software parameters of the voltage regulator. See the dedicated manual.

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DSR STAB TRIMMER					
Alternator		Nominal frequency = 50 Hz		Nominal frequency = 60 Hz	
Model	Pole	S [kVA]	STAB Position [tag]	S [kVA]	STAB Position [tag]
ECP4-1M/4 C (*)	4	6,5	-	7,8	-
ECP4-2M/4 C (*)	4	8	-	9,6	-
ECP4-3M/4 C (*)	4	10	-	12	-
ECP4-4M/4 C (*)	4	12,5	-	15	-
ECP4-5M/4 C (*)	4	15	-	18	-
ECP4-1L/4 C (*)	4	18	-	22	-
ECP4-2L/4 C (*)	4	20	-	24	-
ECP28-1VS/4 C (*)	4	7,5	5	9	4
ECP28-2VS/4 C (*)	4	10	4	12	4
ECP28-1S/4 C (*)	4	12,5	5 ½	15	5
ECP28-2S/4 C (*)	4	15	-	18	-
ECP28-3S/4 C (*)	4	17.5	6	21	5 ½
ECP28-M/4 C (*)	4	20	5 ½	24	5
ECP28-L/4 C (*)	4	25	7	30	5
ECP28-VL/4 C (*)	4	30	7	36	6
ECP30-1M/4 C (*)	4	20	-	24	-
ECP30-2M/4 C (*)	4	25	-	30	-
ECP30-3M/4 C (*)	4	30	-	36	-
ECP30-1L/4 C (*)	4	35	-	42	-
ECP30-2L/4 C (*)	4	40	-	48	-
ECP32-1S/4 C (*)	4	37.5	5 ½	45	4 ½
ECP32-2S/4 C (*)	4	45	6	54	6
ECP32-1M/4 C (*)	4	50	7 ½	60	4
ECP32-2M/4 C (*)	4	62.5	8	75	5 ½
ECP32-1L/4 C (*)	4	75	8 ½	90	5 ½
ECP32-2L/4 C (*)	4	82.5	-	100	-
ECP34-1S/4 C (*)	4	87.5	7 ½	105	7
ECP34-2S/4 C (*)	4	100	6 ½	120	6 ½
ECP34-1M/4 C (*)	4	125	-	150	-
ECP34-2M/4 C (*)	4	135	-	162	-
ECP34-1L/4 C (*)	4	150	8 ½	180	8
ECP34-2L/4 C (*)	4	165	-	198	-

* DSR: P[11] = 4, P[12] = 3, P[13] = 16384, quadratic function with integral gain.

** DSR/A: P[11] = 5, P[12] = 1, P[13] = 26624, linear function with integral gain

8.1.2 Protections

To avoid anomalous and dangerous operation of the alternator, the DSR digital regulator is equipped with a low speed protection and an overload protection.

Low speed protection

Its intervention is instantaneous and it causes the reduction of the alternator voltage when the frequency drops by 4 ±1 % under the nominal frequency.

The intervention threshold is set using the "Hz" potentiometer.

Overload protection

A dedicated circuit compares the partialized excitation voltage. If the preset value for this voltage (a value corresponding with a load current value equal to 1.1 times the current indicated on the alternator tag) is exceeded for more than 20 seconds, the regulator steps in lowering the alternator voltage and subsequently limiting the current within a safe value range.

The delay is expressly introduced to allow the motors that normally start in 5÷10 seconds to pick-up. This intervention threshold may be adjusted using the "AMP" potentiometer.

Causes that lead to protection intervention.

Instantaneous protection intervention for low speed	1 - Speed reduced by 4 ± 1 % as compared to the rated data.
Delayed protection intervention for overload	2 - Overload of 10% as compared to the rated data.
	3 - Power factor (cos ϕ) lower than the rated data.
	4 - Environmental temperature above 50°C.
Intervention of both protections	5 - Combination of factor 1 and factors 2, 3, 4.

In case both protections intervene, the voltage supplied by the alternator will drop to a value that depends on the size of the fault.

Voltage will be automatically restored to its nominal value when the fault is solved.

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8.1.3 Inputs and Outputs: technical specifications

TABLE 1 CONNECTOR CN 1				
Term.(*)	**Name**	**Function**	**Specifications**	**Notes**
1	Exc-	Excitation	Continuous Rating: 5 Adc max Transitory Rating: 12 Adc at peak	
2	Aux / Exc+			
3	Aux / Exc+	Power	Frequency: from 12Hz to 72Hz Range: 40 Vac - 270 Vac	
9	Aux / Neutral			
4	F_Phase	Sensing	Range: 140 Vac - 280 Vac Burden: <1VA	Measurement of average value (rectified) or actual effective value for voltage adjustment
5	F_Phase			
6	H_Phase		Range: 70 Vac - 140 Vac Burden: <1VA	
7	H_Phase			
8	Aux / Neutral			
10	Vext / Pext	Input for remote voltage control	Type: Not insulated Range: 0 - 2,5 Vdc or 10 K Potentiometer Adjustment: from - 14% to + 14% (***) Burden: 0-2 mA (sink) Max length: 30m (**)	Tolerates voltages from -5V to +5V but for values exceeding the range it is automatically disabled
11	Common			
12	50 / 60 Hz	50/60Hz Jumper input	Type: Not insulated Max length: 3m	Selection of underspeed protection threshold 50x(100%-αHz%) or 60x(100%-αHz%) αHz% is the position relative to the Hz trimmer or the percentage value of parameter 21
13	Common			
14	A.P.O.	Active protections output	Type: Non-insulated open collector Current: 100 mA Voltage: 30V Max length: 30m (**)	Active level (****), activating alarm and delay time programmable
15	Common			

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* They are connected together on the board the following terminals: 2 and 3; 4 and 5; 6 and 7; 8 and 9; 11 and 13 and 15.

** With an external EMI SDR 128/K filter (3m without EMI filter).

*** Starting from version 10 of the Firmware. It is important not to exceed by more than ± 10%.

**** Starting from rev. 18 of the Firmware.

The regulators mounted on board the alternators prove to be calibrated during the final test. For loose regulators (for instance spare parts) or if wiring or calibration variations are required, you will have to perform an adequate setting of the regulator to guarantee its correct operation.

The basic settings may be performed directly on the regulator through the 4 trimmers (VOLT - STAB - Hz - AMP), the 50/60 jumper and the Vext input.

More detailed settings and measures may be performed only via software using, for instance, the Mecc Alte USB2DxR communication interface and the DxR_Terminal software.

Vext Input

The Vext input (connector CN1 terminals 10 and 11) allows the analog remote control of the output voltage through a 10Kohm potentiometer with a variation range that may be programmed via parameter 16 (by default the setting is ± 14% starting from version 10 of the Firmware) in relation to the value set by the VOLT trimmer or by parameter 19.

If you want to use continuous voltage, it will have an effect if contained within the range from 0V to +2,5V.
The input tolerates voltages from -5V to + 5V, but for values exceeding the 0V / +2.5V limits (or in case of disconnection) there are two available options:

- Not to consider the value (default configuration) and go back to the regulation of the voltage value set through the trimmer (if enabled) or through parameter 19.
- Maintain the minimum (or the maximum) reachable voltage value.

The two options can be set through the RAM Voltage CTRL flag in the Configuration Menu corresponding to the B7 bit of the configuration word P[10].

The continuous voltage supply must be able to absorb at least 2 mA.
In the regulation it is advisable not to exceed by more than ± 10% the nominal voltage value of the alternator.

50/60 Signal

A jumper placed on the 50/60 input (connector CN1 terminals 12 and 13) entails the switching of the low speed protection threshold from 50·(100%-αHz%) to 60·(100%-αHz%), where αHz% is the related position of the HZ trimmer.

APO Contact

Acronym for Active Protection Output: (connector CN1 terminals 14 and 15) uninsulated open collector 30V-100mA transistor, by default normally closed (starting from revision 18 of the firmware; for firmware revisions up to 17 the transistor is normally open and it closes in case of an active alarm). It opens (with a software programmable delay of 1 to 15 seconds) when, one or several alarms, that may be selected separately via software, are active.

VOLT Trimmer

It allows regulation from approximately 70V to approximately 140V when terminals 4 and 5 are used for the sensing or from approximately 140V to approximately 280V when terminals 6 and 7 are used.

STAB Trimmer

It regulates the dynamic response (droop) of the alternator under transient conditions.

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AMP Trimmer

It regulates the excitation overcurrent protection intervention threshold.

To calibrate the overload protection, perform the following procedure:

1. Rotate the Hz trimmer anticlockwise.
2. Apply nominal load to the alternator.
3. Reduce the speed by 10%.
4. Rotate the AMP trimmer completely in anticlockwise direction.
5. After a few seconds you should notice a reduction of the alternator voltage value and the activation of alarm 5 (indicated by a change in the LED flashing).
6. In this case slowly rotate the "AMP" trimmer in clockwise direction until you get the output voltage value to 97% of its nominal value: alarm 5 is still active.
7. If you go back to nominal speed, alarm 5 disappears after a few seconds and the alternator voltage rises back to the nominal value.
8. Readjust the Hz trimmer as indicated.

Hz Trimmer

It allows the regulation of the low speed protection intervention threshold up to -20% compared to the nominal speed value set by the 50/60 jumper (at 50 Hz the threshold may be adjusted from 40Hz to 50Hz, to 60 Hz the threshold may be adjusted from 48Hz to 60Hz).

The intervention of the protection diminishes the alternator voltage. Perform the adjustment as follows:

1. Rotate the Hz trimmer anticlockwise.
2. If the machine must operate at 60 Hz, make sure the jumper between terminals 12 and 13 of the CN1 connector is inserted.
3. Take the alternator to a speed equal to 96% of its nominal speed.
4. Slowly turn the "Hz" trimmer. Rotate it in clockwise direction until the alternator voltage starts to diminish and at the same time make sure the LED starts blinking fast.
5. By increasing the speed, the voltage of the generator should go back to normal and alarm should disappear.
6. Take the speed back to the nominal value.

Even if still continuing to regulate the voltage, the DSR goes into switch-off mode when the frequency decreases under 20 Hz. To restore it you need to shut down the alternator completely.

Alarm management

See paragraph 10.1.

Electrical diagrams

See paragraph 12.1.

8.2 DER1 Digital Regulator

The operation must be carried out by an electrical maintenance technician.

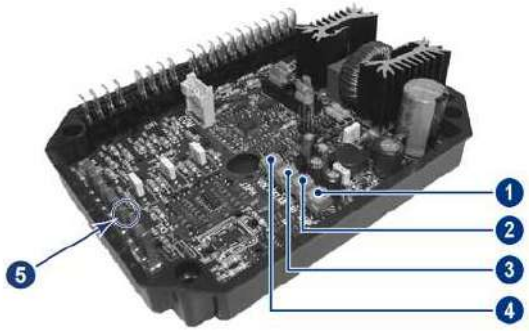
For further details on the regulators please refer to the specific manual.

Danger

Check with the alternator on.

Carefully perform the test, use adequate PPE such as for instance insulating gloves.

Voltage testing is performed off-load with the alternator running at nominal frequency. To obtain the voltage regulation use the VOLT potentiometer of the electronic regulator.



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1. Regulation of the overload protection (AMP).
2. Adjustment of low frequency protection (Hz).
3. Adjustment of stability (STAB).
4. Adjustment of voltage (VOLT).
5. Terminals 29 and 30 for remote regulation of voltage.

The self-regulation achieved through the DER1 digital regulator guarantees, under static conditions, a ± 1% voltage accuracy with any power factor and with a speed variation ranging from –5% to + 20%.

Remote Regulation

To obtain a regulation within ±14% of the nominal value insert a 100KΩ potentiometer in the dedicated terminals 29-30.
To obtain a regulation within ±7% of the nominal value insert a 25KΩ linear potentiometer in series with a 3.9KΩ resistor to halve the effect of the external potentiometer.

DER2 Digital Regulator

The DER2 regulator is assembled as a normal DER1 except for the USB2DxR communication interface that is substituted by the new 1X5 p.2.54 mm strip connector that is mounted directly on the card. The alternators being equal, the DER2 regulator settings are the same as DER1.

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8.2.1 Stability Adjustment

The alternators are part of a system that can be outlined as a motor + alternator. The alternator may therefore exhibit instabilities of the rotation regime and of the voltage due to the irregular operation of the motor it is connected to.
There is a potentiometer dedicated to the adjustment of this stability (STAB potentiometer), because the alternator voltage and motor speed regulation systems may go into conflict, causing both speed and voltage oscillations.
It is important to stress that Mecc Alte's alternators are testes using an electrical, and not a heat engine. Therefore, STAB adjustment is set correctly for the alternator driven by an electric motor.
General instructions to follow in case of instability problems:

1. Check the STAB potentiometer setting and make sure it corresponds to the settings reported in the tables below.
2. If there is no correspondence, reset the potentiometer to the value indicated in the table below; in case of missing information position in the middle.
3. If the problem persists, rotate the potentiometer anticlockwise a notch and repeat the test.
4. If no differences are noticed or the differences are minimal, rotate another notch anticlockwise; continue this procedure until the problem is solved.
5. If by rotating the potentiometer anticlockwise, the voltage instability increases, set the potentiometer as indicated at point 2. Rotate the potentiometer clockwise a notch and repeat the test
6. If there are no changes or they are minimal, rotate another notch clockwise and repeat the test.
7. Continue this procedure until the problem is solved.
8. If after these steps the problem is still not solved, you may need to adjust the stability (gain) of the motor speed regulation system. If this does not solve the problem either, try to change the stability software parameters of the voltage regulator. See the dedicated manual.

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DER1 STAB TRIMMER							
Alternator		Nominal frequency = 50 Hz			Nominal frequency = 60 Hz		
Model	Pole	S [kVA]	STAB Position [tag]		S [kVA]	STAB Position [tag]	
			Single Phase	Three Phase		Single Phase	Three Phase
ECP4-1M/4 C (*)	4	6,5	-	-	7,8	-	-
ECP4-2M/4 C (*)	4	8	-	-	9,6	-	-
ECP4-3M/4 C (*)	4	10	-	-	12	-	-
ECP4-4M/4 C (*)	4	12,5	-	-	15	-	-
ECP4-5M/4 C (*)	4	15	-	-	18	-	-
ECP4-1L/4 C (*)	4	18	-	-	22	-	-
ECP4-2L/4 C (*)	4	20	-	-	24	-	-
ECP28-1VS/4 C (*)	4	7,5	-	-	9	-	-
ECP28-2VS/4 C (*)	4	10	-	-	12	-	-
ECP28-1S/4 C (*)	4	12,5	-	-	15	-	-
ECP28-2S/4 C (*)	4	15	-	-	18	-	-
ECP28-3S/4 C (*)	4	17.5	5 ½	5 ½	21	-	-
ECP28-M/4 C (*)	4	20	-	-	24	-	-
ECP28-L/4 C (*)	4	25	-	-	30	-	-
ECP28-VL/4 C (*)	4	30	-	-	36	-	-
ECP30-1M/4 C (*)	4	20	-	-	24	-	-
ECP30-2M/4 C (*)	4	25	-	-	30	-	-
ECP30-3M/4 C (*)	4	30	-	-	36	-	-
ECP30-1L/4 C (*)	4	35	-	-	42	-	-
ECP30-2L/4 C (*)	4	40	-	-	48	-	-
ECP32-1S/4 C (*)	4	37.5	-	-	45	-	-
ECP32-2S/4 C (*)	4	45	-	-	54	-	-
ECP32-1M/4 C (*)	4	50	-	-	60	-	-
ECP32-2M/4 C (*)	4	62.5	-	7 ½	75	-	7 ½
ECP32-1L/4 C (*)	4	75	8	-	90	-	-
ECP32-2L/4 C (*)	4	82.5	-	-	100	-	-
ECP34-1S/4 C (*)	4	87.5	-	-	105	-	-
ECP34-2S/4 C (*)	4	100	-	8 ½	120	-	8 ½
ECP34-1M/4 C (*)	4	125	-	7 ½	150	-	7 ½
ECP34-2M/4 C (*)	4	135	-	-	162	-	7 ½
ECP34-1L/4 C (*)	4	150	-	-	180	-	-
ECP34-2L/4 C (*)	4	165	-	-	198	-	-

* DER 1: P[11] = 4, P[12] = 3, P[13] = 16384, quadratic function with integral gain.

** DER 1/A: P[11] = 5, P[12] = 1, P[13] = 26624, linear function with integral gain

*** DER 1/A: P[11] = 7, P[12] = 1, P[13] = 26624, linear function with integral gain

8.2.2 Protections

To avoid anomalous and dangerous operation of the alternator, the DER1 digital regulator is equipped with a low speed protection and an overload protection.

Low speed protection

Its intervention is instantaneous and it causes the reduction of the alternator voltage when the frequency drops by 4 ±1 % under the nominal frequency.

The intervention threshold is set using the "Hz" potentiometer.

Overload protection

A dedicated circuit compares the partialized excitation voltage. If the preset value for this voltage (a value corresponding with a load current value equal to 1.1 times the current indicated on the alternator tag) is exceeded for more than 20 seconds, the regulator steps in lowering the alternator voltage and subsequently limiting the current within a safe value range.

The delay is expressly introduced to allow the motors that normally start in 5÷10 seconds to pick-up. This intervention threshold may be adjusted using the "AMP" potentiometer.

Causes that lead to protection intervention.

Instantaneous protection intervention for low speed	1 - Speed reduced by 4 ± 1 % as compared to the rated data.
Delayed protection intervention for overload	2 - Overload of 10% as compared to the rated data.
	3 - Power factor (cos ϕ) lower than the rated data.
	4 - Environmental temperature above 50°C.
Intervention of both protections	5 - Combination of factor 1 and factors 2, 3, 4.

In case both protections intervene, the voltage supplied by the alternator will drop to a value that depends on the size of the fault.

Voltage will be automatically restored to its nominal value when the fault is solved.

8.2.3 Inputs and Outputs: technical specifications

TABLE 1 CONNECTOR CN 1				
Term. (*)	**Name**	**Function**	**Specification**	**Notes**
1	Exc-	Excitation	Continuous Rating: 5 Adc Transitory Rating: 12 Adc at peak	
2	Aux / Exc+			
3	Aux / Exc+	Power	40 ÷ 270 Vac Frequency 12 ÷ 72Hz (**)	(*)
4	UFG	Sensing Range 2	Range 2: 150 ÷ 300 Vac Burden: < 1VA	U channel
5	UFG			
6	UHG	Sensing Range 1	Range 1: 75 ÷ 150 Vac Burden: < 1VA	
7	UHG			
8	UHB	Jumper Range 1		Short for sensing 75 ÷ 150 Vac
9	UFB			
10	UFB		Board reference	Star point of YY or Y connection, in common with board feeding (*)
11	UFB			
12	UFB			
13	/		Not present	
14	VFG	Sensing	Range 1: 75 ÷ 150 Vac Burden: < 1VA	V channel, to be connected in parallel to U channel in case of single phase sensing
15	VHG	Sensing Range 1		
16	VHB		Range 2: 150 ÷ 300 Vac Burden: < 1VA	
17	VFB	Range 2		
18	/		Not present	
19	WFG	Sensing	Range 1: 75 ÷ 150 Vac Burden: < 1VA	W channel, unused (with shorted inputs) in case of single phase sensing
20	WHG	Sensing Range 1		
21	WHB		Range 2: 150 ÷ 300 Vac Burden: < 1VA	
22	WFB	Range 2		

tab_ECO_010-r00

* They are connected together on the board the following terminals: 2 and 3; 4 and 5; 6 and 7; 9 and 10, 11 and 12.

** Minimum supply voltage 40Vac at 15Hz, 100V at 50Hz, 115V at 60Hz.

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TABLE 2 CONNECTOR CN 3				
Term. (*)	**Name**	**Function**	**Specifications**	**Notes**
23	Common	Active protections output	Type: Non-insulated open collector Current: 100 mA Voltage: 30 V Max length: 30m (***)	Active level(******), activating alarm and delay time programmable
24	A.P.O.			
25	Common	Jumper 50/60 Hz	Type: Not insulated Max length: 3m	Selection of underspeed protection threshold
26	50/60 Hz			
27	0EXT	Jumper for remote voltage control 0÷2,5 Vdc	Type: Not insulated Max length: 3m	Short for 0÷2,5Vdc input or potentiometer
28	JP1			
29	0EXT	Input for remote voltage	Type: Not insulated Max length: 30m (***)	Regulation: ± 10% (*****)
30	PEXT	Input for remote voltage control 0÷2,5 Vdc or Pext	Input: 0÷2,5 Vdc or 100K Potentiometer	Burden: 0÷1mA (sink)
31	JP2	Pext jumper	Type: Not insulated Max length: 3m	Short for 0÷2,5Vdc input or potentiometer
32	± 10 V	control ± 10 Vdc	Input: ± 10 Vdc	Burden: ± 1mA (source/sink)

tab_ECO_011-r00

*** With an external EMI filter (3m without the EMI filter).

**** 50·(100%-αHz%) or 60·(100%-αHz%) where αHz% is the position in relation to the Hz trimmer or the percentage value of the P[21] parameter.

***** Values not to be exceeded, the actual range depends on the P[16] parameter.

****** Starting from rev. 18 of the firmware.

The regulators mounted on board the alternators prove to be calibrated during the final test. For loose regulators (for instance spare parts) or if wiring or calibration variations are required, you will have to perform an adequate setting of the regulator to guarantee its correct operation.

The basic settings may be performed directly on the regulator through the 4 trimmers (VOLT - STAB - Hz - AMP), the 50/60 jumper, JP1, JP2 and the Pext input.

More detailed settings and measures may be performed only via software using, for instance, the Mecc Alte USB2DxR communication interface and the DxR_Terminal software.

Remote control of voltage

The Pext inputs (terminal 30) and ±10V (terminal 32) allow the analog remote control of the output voltage through a continuous voltage or a potentiometer, with a programmable variation range with respect to the value set through the trimmer (by default) or through the P[19] parameter.

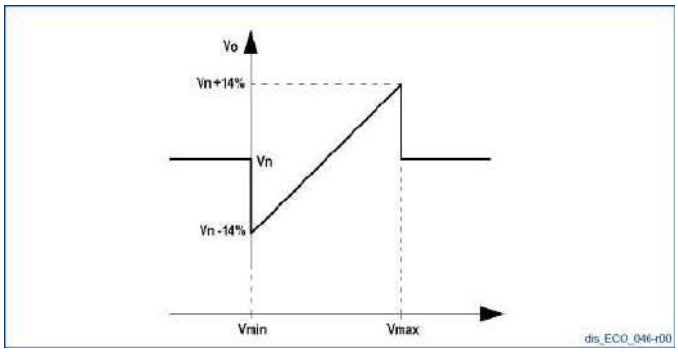


Figura 1: senza saturazione della tensione di uscita al raggiungimento dei limiti della tensione di ingresso.

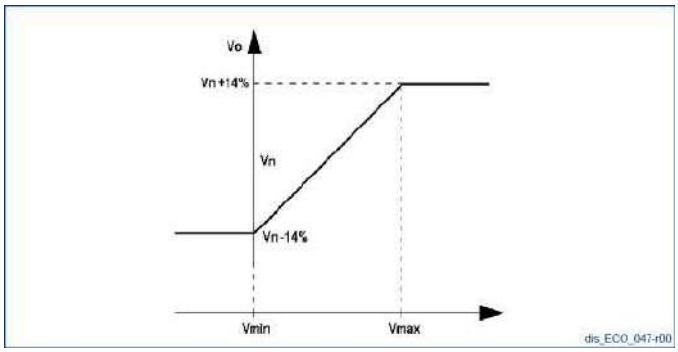


Figura 2: con saturazione della tensione di uscita al raggiungimento dei limiti della tensione di ingresso.

If you want to use a continuous voltage it will have an effect if contained within the 0Vdc/2,5Vdc o -10Vdc/+10Vdc range, if connected respectively between the terminals 30 and 29, or 32 and 29 and based on the presence or absence of the JP1 and JP2 jumpers.

For values that exceed the above-mentioned limits (or in case of disconnection) you have two available options:

- Not to consider the value and go back to the regulation of the voltage value set through the trimmer (if enabled) or through parameter P[19], fig. 1.
- Maintain the minimum (or the maximum) reachable voltage value, fig. 2.

The second option can be set through the RAM Voltage CTRL flag in the Configuration Menu corresponding to the B7 bit of the configuration word P[10].

See the technical guide: DER 1 Digital Regulator.

The continuous voltage supply must be able to absorb at least 2 mA.
In the regulation it is advisable not to exceed by more than ± 10% the nominal voltage value of the alternator.

50/60 Signal

A jumper placed on the 50/60 input (terminals 25 and 26) entails the switching of the low speed protection threshold from 50·(100%-αHz%) to 60·(100%-αHz%), where αHz% is the related position of the HZ trimmer.

APO Contact

Acronym for Active Protection Output: (connector CN3 terminals 23 and 24) uninsulated open collector 30V-100mA transistor, by default normally closed (starting from revision 19 of the firmware; for firmware revisions up to 18 the transistor is normally open and it closes in case of an active alarm). It opens (with a software programmable delay of 1 to 15 seconds) when, one or several alarms, that may be selected separately via software, are active.

VOLT Trimmer

It allows regulation from approximately 75V to approximately 150V when terminals 6/7 - 10/11/12 (with an 8-9 jumper) 15-16 and 20-21 are used for the sensing or from approximately 150V to approximately 300V when terminals 4/5 - 9/10/11/12, 14-17 and 19-22 are used.

STAB Trimmer

It regulates the dynamic response (droop) of the alternator under transient conditions.

It must not be rotated to minus two notches counted in clockwise direction.

AMP Trimmer

It regulates the excitation overcurrent protection intervention threshold.

To calibrate the overload protection, perform the following procedure:

1. Rotate the AMP trimmer completely in clockwise direction.
2. Feed the alternator an overload having cos phi = 0.8 or cos phi = 0 respectively equal to 125% or 110% of the nominal load.
3. After two minutes slowly turn the AMP trimmer anti-clockwise until you get a reduction of the generator's voltage value and the activation of alarm 5 (visible through a change in the LED flashing)
4. Adjust the AMP trimmer so as to get an output voltage value of 97% of the nominal value: alarm 5 is still active
5. If the load is removed, alarm 5 disappears after a few seconds and the generator voltage goes back to the nominal value.

Hz Trimmer

It allows the regulation of the low speed protection intervention threshold up to -20% compared to the nominal speed value set by the 50/60 jumper (at 50 Hz the threshold may be adjusted from 40Hz to 50Hz, to 60 Hz the threshold may be adjusted from 48Hz to 60Hz).

The intervention of the protection diminishes the alternator voltage. Perform the adjustment as follows:

1. Rotate the Hz trimmer anticlockwise.
2. If the machine must operate at 60 Hz, make sure the jumper between terminals 25 and 26 is inserted.
3. Take the alternator to a speed equal to 96% of its nominal speed.
4. Slowly regulate the "Hz" trimmer. Rotate it in clockwise direction until the alternator voltage starts to diminish and at the same time make sure the LED starts blinking fast.
5. By increasing the speed, the voltage of the generator should go back to normal and alarm should disappear.
6. Take the speed back to the nominal value.

Even if still continuing to regulate the voltage, the DER1 goes into switch-off mode when the frequency decreases under 20 Hz. To restore it you need to shut down the alternator completely.

Alarm management

See paragraph 10.2.

Electrical diagrams

See paragraph 12.2.

8.3 UVR6-SR7 analog regulators

The operation must be carried out by an electrical maintenance technician.

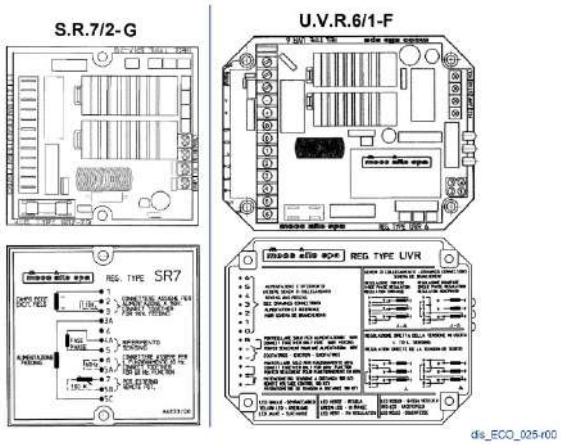
For further details on the regulators please refer to the specific manual.

Danger

Check with the alternator on.

Carefully perform the test, use adequate PPE such as for instance insulating gloves.

Voltage testing is performed off-load with the alternator running at nominal frequency. To obtain the regulation of voltage within ±5% of the nominal value turn the voltage potentiometer of the electronic regulator.

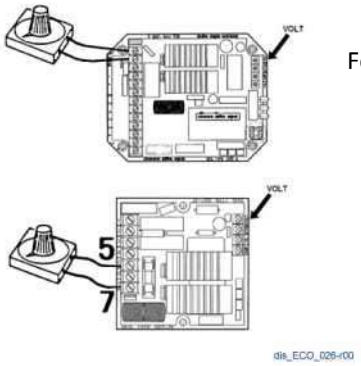


The following regulators are obsolete and were replaced by DSR/DER1 electronic regulators.
The U.V.R.6/1-F e S.R.7/2-G regulators may be equally used with the ECP series without altering performance.
The U.V.R.6/1-F was standard fit in the 38 - 40 - 43 - 46 types, while the S.R.7/2-G was standard fit in the 28 - 31 - 32 - 34 series.
The two regulators are perfectly equal as far as performance is concerned but they are different in terms of signaling and reference.

Remote Regulation

To obtain the remote regulation of voltage within a ÷ 5% range of the nominal value, insert:

- A 100KΩ potentiometer for the alternators equipped with 6 terminals
- A 100KΩ potentiometer in series with a 100KΩ resistor for the alternators with 12 terminals.

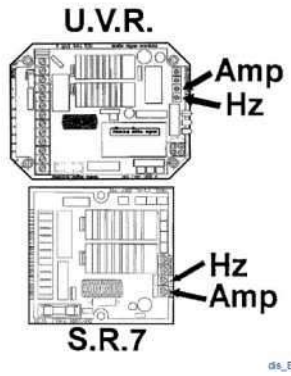


For a correct operation of the alternator connect the remote potentiometer as follows:

- Rotate the VOLT trimmer of the electronic regulator completely in anticlockwise direction.
- Position the external potentiometer at half scale and connect it with the corresponding terminals of the electronic regulator.
- Adjust the voltage to the nominal value through the VOLT trimmer of the electronic regulator.

Protections

To avoid anomalous and dangerous operation of the alternator, the U.V.R.6/1-F - S.R.7/2-G. analogic regulators are equipped with a low speed protection and an overload protection.



Low speed protection

Its intervention is instantaneous and it causes the reduction of the alternator voltage when the frequency under 10% of the nominal frequency.

The intervention threshold is set using the "Hz" potentiometer.

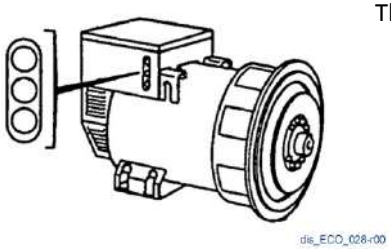
Overload protection

A dedicated circuit compares the partialized excitation voltage. If the preset value for this voltage (a value corresponding with a load current value equal to 1.1 times the current indicated on the alternator tag) is exceeded for more than 20 seconds, the regulator steps in lowering the alternator voltage and subsequently limiting the current within a safe value range.

The delay is expressly introduced to allow the motors that normally start in 5÷10 seconds to pick-up. This intervention threshold may be adjusted using the "AMP" potentiometer.

If the alternator is used in single phase or with voltages different than the ones set by the manufacturer, a readjustment of the AMP and STAB potentiometers might be necessary.

U.V.R.6/1-F Signals



The U.V.R.6/1-F regulator has the following characteristics:

1. Possibility to also have a three phase reference besides the single phase one.
2. LED signals of auto diagnosis that indicate the operation conditions of the machine:

- A green LED: if normally lit it indicates normal operation of the alternator.
- A red LED: when lit it indicates the intervention of the low speed protection.
- A yellow LED: when lit it indicates the intervention of the overload protection.

During normal operation of the alternator, only the green LED must be lit.

All these signals may be managed remotely and used for various purposes through the use of the SPD96/A device, available on request.

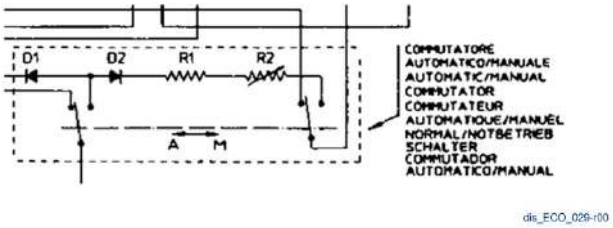
Causes that lead to protection intervention.

Instantaneous protection intervention for low speed	1 - Speed reduced by 10% as compared to the rated data.
Delayed protection intervention for overload	2 - Overload of 20% as compared to the rated data.
	3 - Power factor (cos ϕ) lower than the rated data.
	4 - Environmental temperature above 50°C.
Intervention of both protections	5 - Combination of factor 1 and factors 2, 3, 4.

In case both protections intervene, the voltage supplied by the alternator will drop to a value that depends on the size of the fault.

Voltage will be automatically restored to its nominal value when the fault is solved.

Optionals



All the alternators in the ECP series may also be operated with manual regulation, without the assistance of external supplies and with the simple use of one rheostat.

9 Maintenance

9.1 General Instructions

Warning

Before executing any maintenance operation, read carefully the instructions in chapter 3 "Safety" of this manual.

Warning

The authorized operators are only allowed to carry out the works they are specifically qualified for on the alternator and wear the required PPE (personal protective equipment).

Warning

Always disconnect the alternator from power supplies before carrying out any maintenance and/or replacement operation.

Warning

The alternators, when working, release heat even to a high level based on the power being generated. Before touching it wait for the alternator to cool off.

Danger

It is forbidden to pass through or stand under the alternator during the lifting and transportation stages.

It is advisable for the maintenance technician to keep a register of all the interventions.

The ECP series alternators are built to operate without maintenance for a long time.
The maintenance interventions on the Mecc Alte alternator are divided into ordinary and extraordinary.

9.2 Maintenance summary table

9.2.1 Summary table of ordinary maintenance operations

Acronyms of the intervention types: E = Electrical; M = Mechanical; S = Software

Type	Description	Periodicity	Reference
M	Alternator exterior and interior cleaning	Every 15 days	9.3.7
M	General cleaning	Every 400 hours	9.3.1
M	Air filter cleaning (if present)	Every 400 hours of use	9.3.2
M	Visual Inspection	Every 2500 hours	9.3.3
M	Verification of winding state	Every 2500 hours	9.3.4
M	Verification of correct alternator operation	Every 2500 hours	9.3.5
M	Tightening torque check	Every 2500 hours	9.3.6

9.2.2 Summary table of extraordinary maintenance operations

Acronyms of the intervention types: E = Electrical; M = Mechanical; S = Software

Type	Description	Periodicity	Reference
M	Maintenance and potential replacement of bearings	Every 4000 hours	9.4.1
E	Winding state and diode bridge fastening check	Every 8000 hours / 1 year	9.4.2
S	Copy of the alarms of the digital regulator	Every 8000 hours / 1 year	9.4.3
M	Cleaning of windings	Every 20000 to 25000 hours	9.4.5

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9.2.3 Summary table of maintenance operations in case of failure

Acronyms of the intervention types: E = Electrical; M = Mechanical; S = Software

Type	Description	Periodicity	Reference
M	Fan replacement assembling	-	9.5.1
E	Verification and potential replacement of diode bridge	-	9.5.2
M	Mechanical disassembling for inspection	-	9.5.3
M	Mechanical assembling	-	9.5.4
M	Disc Holder Hub Removal (34 series)	-	9.5.8
E	Loss of residual magnetism (re-excitation of the machine)	-	9.5.9
E	Verification and replacement of voltage regulator	-	9.5.10
E	DSR test and setup on test bench	-	9.5.11
E	DER1 test and setup on test bench	-	9.5.12
E	DER 2 test and setup on test bench	-	9.5.13
E	Main stator windings voltage test	-	9.5.14

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9.3 Ordinary Maintenance

Ordinary maintenance means the set of operations that are carried out on a regular basis.
Their purpose is to maintain the alternator in good operational state.

Caution

Carry out ordinary maintenance with accuracy and as often as specified by the manufacturer.

9.3.1 General cleaning

The intervention described in this paragraph refers only to the alternator, the frequency proposed must be adapted to the actual conditions and the frequency of use.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

Warning

Never use liquids or water.

Warning

Never clean the internal electrical components of the terminal box with pressurized air because short circuits or other malfunctions may occur.

Warning

Move close to the alternator only when it has zero power supply and it is at room temperature. It is only now that you may clean it on the outside with pressurized air.

Carry out general cleaning of the alternator and the surrounding area.
During the cleaning check the state and make sure that the various parts of the alternator are undamaged.
In case of anomalies or damages contact the maintenance technician for a potential intervention/replacement.

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9.3.2 Air filter cleaning (if present)

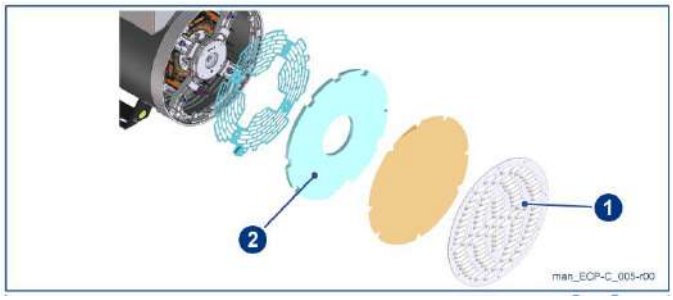
Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 400 hours of use
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Cleaning tools

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

The intervention periodicity indicated refers to critical environmental conditions. Adapt the periodicity based on the actual conditions of use.

The air filters are accessories that are assembled on customer request.
Air filters must be regularly cleaned because they hold within a net that must be kept clean to guarantee the efficiency of the filter and the consequent good operation of the alternator.
The periodicity of intervention on the air filters will depend on the severity of the conditions at the installation place. However a regular inspection of these components will allow you to determine if you should intervene.



Remove the grid (1).
Remove the filter elements (2) and clean.

Reassemble everything according to the initial configuration.

9.3.3 Visual Inspection

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 2500 hours.
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments** Workshop tools.

- Check for the presence of anomalies such as cracks, rust, leakages and any other anomalous event.
- Check the tightening of the power cables and of the regulator cables.
- Check the state of the insulations of the power cables and of the regulator cables (overtemperature, rubbing).

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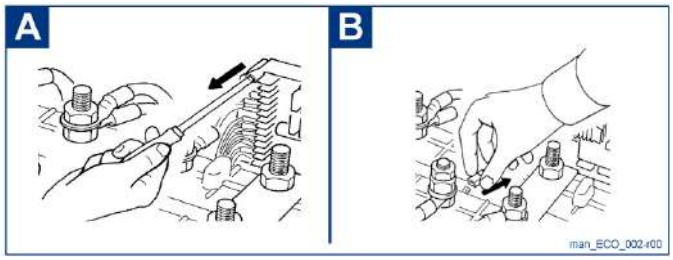
9.3.4 Verification of winding state

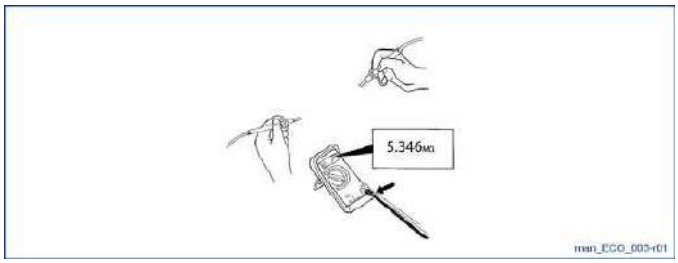
Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 2500 hours
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments** "Megger" Tester or similar to 500V in continuous voltage.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.



Before carrying out the verification disconnect the voltage regulator (fig. A), the radio interference filters (fig. B) and all the other potential devices electrically connected to the windings to check.



Measure insulation resistance to ground.
The measured value of resistance to ground of all the windings must be higher than 5MΩ.

If the value is lower than 5MΩ dry the windings with a jet of hot air at 50-60°C. Direct the jet of air into the air intakes and exhausts of the alternator.

9.3.5 Verification of correct alternator operation

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 2500 hours
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Workshop tools.

Check whether the alternator operates regularly without noises or anomalous vibrations.
In presence of noises and/or vibrations, check:

- The balancing of the rotor.
- The state of the alternator bearings. If necessary replace them (see 9.4.1.).
- The alignment of the couplings.
- The potential presence of stresses in the heat engine.
- The potential presence of stresses in the anti-vibration supports.
- The functional data (see the nameplate of the alternator paragraph 1.6).

9.3.6 Tightening torque check

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 2500 hours
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		The torque wrench.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

- Check the bolt tightening (see paragraph 9.6 "Tightening torques").
- Check the electrical connections.

9.3.7 Alternator exterior and interior cleaning

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 15 days
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Pressurized air.

Clean with pressurized air.

It is strictly forbidden to use any kind of high-pressure water jet cleaners and detergent liquids. The standard protection rating of the alternator is IP23 and therefore by using liquids anomalies or even short circuits may occur.

The intervention periodicity indicated refers to critical environmental conditions. Adapt the periodicity based on the actual conditions of use.

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9.4 Extraordinary maintenance

Caution

Carry out extraordinary maintenance with accuracy and as often as specified by the manufacturer.

Warning

All the maintenance intervals described below refer to a normal use of the alternator. In case it is used in more severe conditions (high humidity, temperature or dust) it is necessary to check it more often.

9.4.1 Maintenance and potential replacement of bearings

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 4000 hours
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		SKF LGMT2 or ENS or equivalent greases.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

- Check the state of the bearings.
- Lubricate the bearings if they are equipped with a lubricator.

Bearing lubrication table

Alternator type	Bearing type	
	Coupling side	Side opposite the coupling
ECP 4	-	6305.2RS
ECP 28	6309.2RS	6207.2RS
ECP 30	-	6207.2RS
ECP 32	6312.2RS	6309.2RS
ECP 34	6314.2RS	6311.2RS

On ECP 4-28-30-32-34 sealed bearings are fitted: it is not necessary any maintenance during their entire operating life; in normal working conditions the estimated life is about 30,000 hours.
For any replacement of the bearings follow the instructions in paragraph 9.5.3

9.4.2 Winding state and diode bridge fastening check

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 8000 hours / 1 year
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Workshop tools.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

Remove the back grid of the alternator for visual inspection of the windings and to check the fastening of the diode bridge.
If the windings are dirty or oily clean them with pressurized air.
In case problems of other kind are detected you must disassemble the alternator to solve them.

9.4.3 Copy of the alarms of the digital regulator

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 8000 hours / 1 year
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Personal Computer + interface + dedicated software.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

Mecc Alte's digital regulator are equipped with a special connector that allows you to download the data related to the recorded alarms.
Download this data to check the potential presence of anomalies and, if any, solve them.

9.4.4 Cleaning of windings

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity
		Every 20000 to 25000 hours.
PPE to wear		**Materials and equipments**
		Cleaning tools

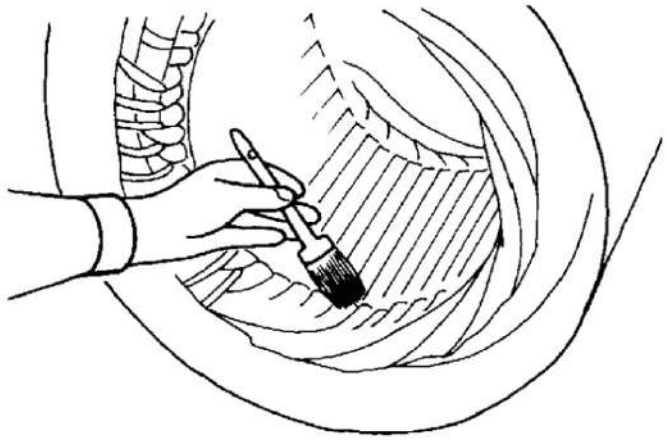
Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.

Caution

If the system operates in a dusty environment, the cleaning operations must be carried out more frequently.

Cleaning must be carried out using adequate products.



dis_ECO_001-r00

Disassemble the alternator for general cleaning.
In such case it is advisable to replace the bearings for an optimization of the maintenance interventions for the entire group.
The windings must be cleaned using a low pressure jet of hot water at a temperature below 80 °C or using adequate highly-evaporable solvents suitable for the cleaning of electrical windings.
These solvents allow an adequate cleaning without damaging the insulation of the windings.

When the cleaning is finished it is advisable to check if there are any signs of overheating and potential traces of carbonizations.
After the drying process at approximately 60-80°C is finished you must check again the insulation resistance of the windings.
In case you notice a degradation of the winding paint, paint them again.

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9.5 Maintenance in case of failure

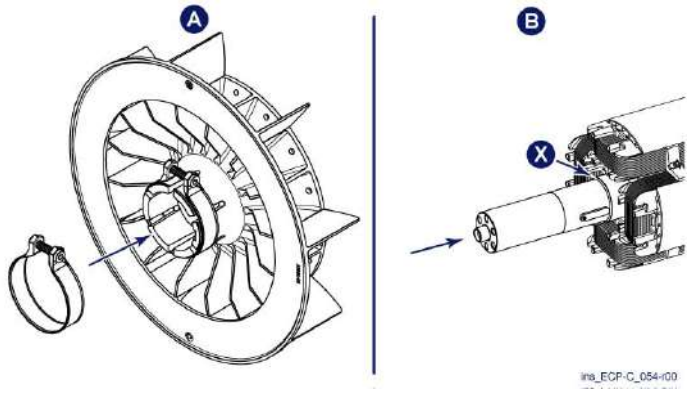
9.5.1 Fan replacement assembly

Type of intervention	Operator	Periodicity

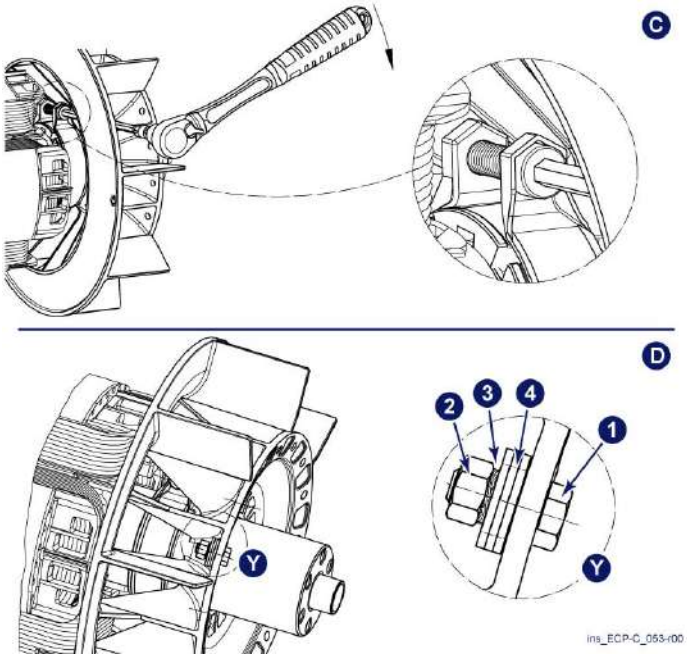
PPE to wear	Materials and equipments
	Workshop tools.

Danger

Disconnect the alternator from the power supplies. The drive motor must be off and unplugged from its power supplies.



A. Insert the clamp on the fan
B. Insert the fan in the shaft untill reaching the (X) edge.
Type 1 (shaft knurled) and Type 2 (shaft with keys)



C. Tight the M8 screw with tightening torque of 12,5 Nm ± 5%
D. To balance the main rotor assemble the fasteners as show in
detail (Y). If necessary, repeat the assembly in other holes untill to get
the prescribed balancing value. If does not reach the prescribed
balancing with the only screws, add balancing pasta on the winding
rotor inside.

No.	Description	Qty	Code
1	Hex head ball M6x16 CL.4.8 DIN558	1	6110605215
2	Nut M6 CL.8 UNI-5587	1	6110601030
3	Washer ext. Toohead D.6 DIN6798	1	6110613220
4	Washers D.6	Max. 3	6110613068 6110613030

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